

Linear line Spectropolarimetry of Herbig Ae/Be stars

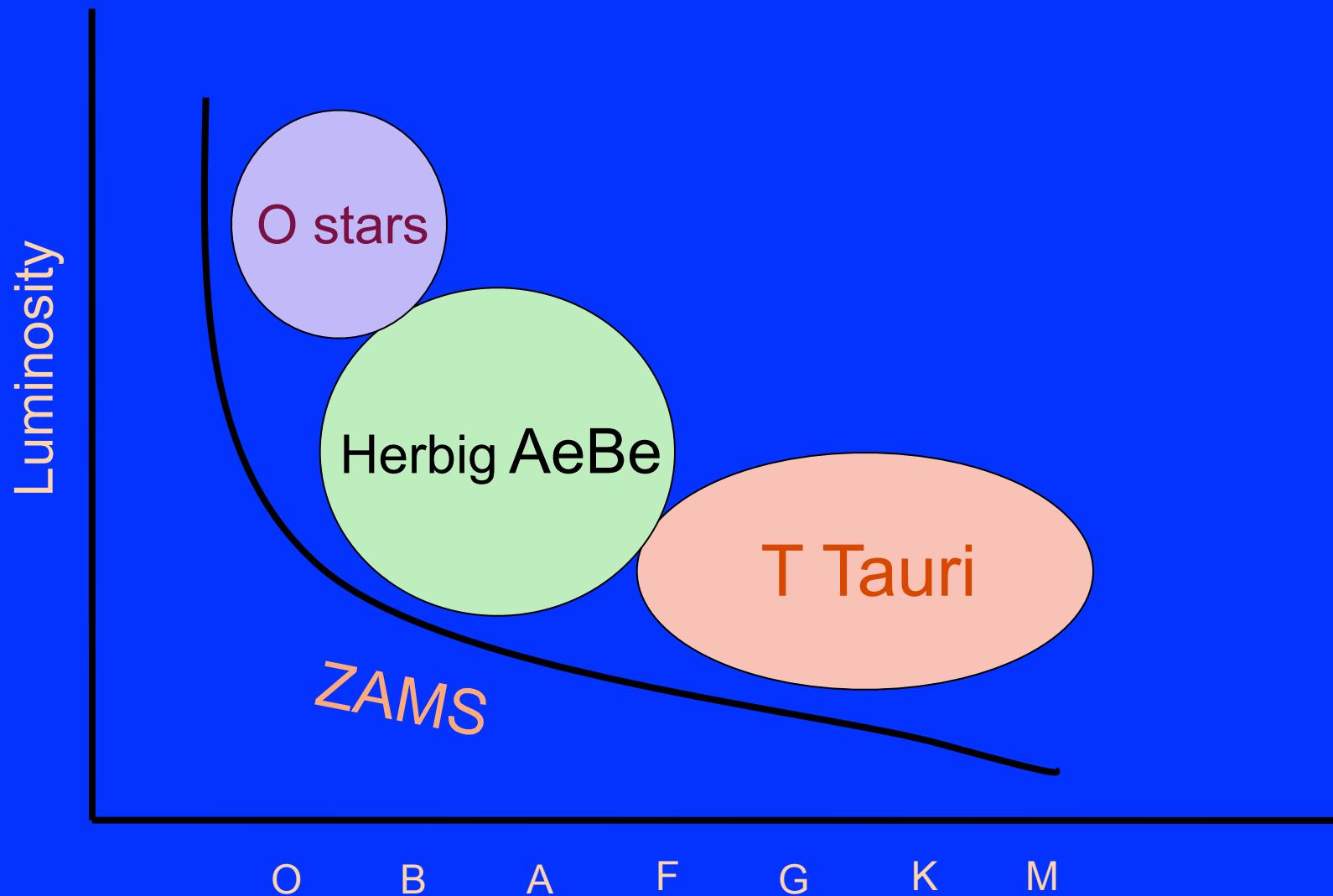


Jorick S. Vink
(Armagh Observatory)

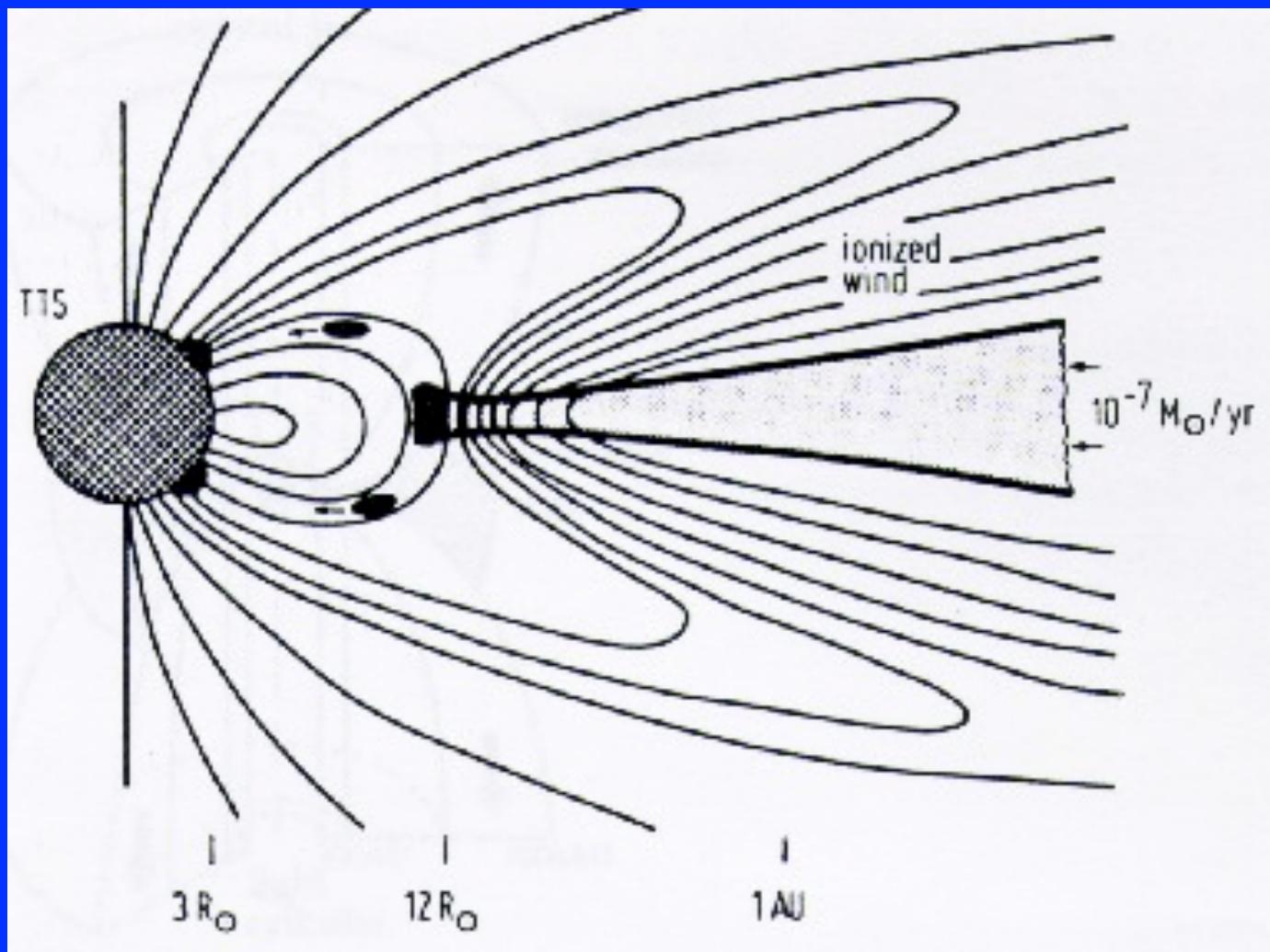
with special thanks to:
Janet Drew
Tim Harries
Rene Oudmaijer
Hugh Wheelwright

Geert Barentsen
Grainne Costigan
Venu Kalari

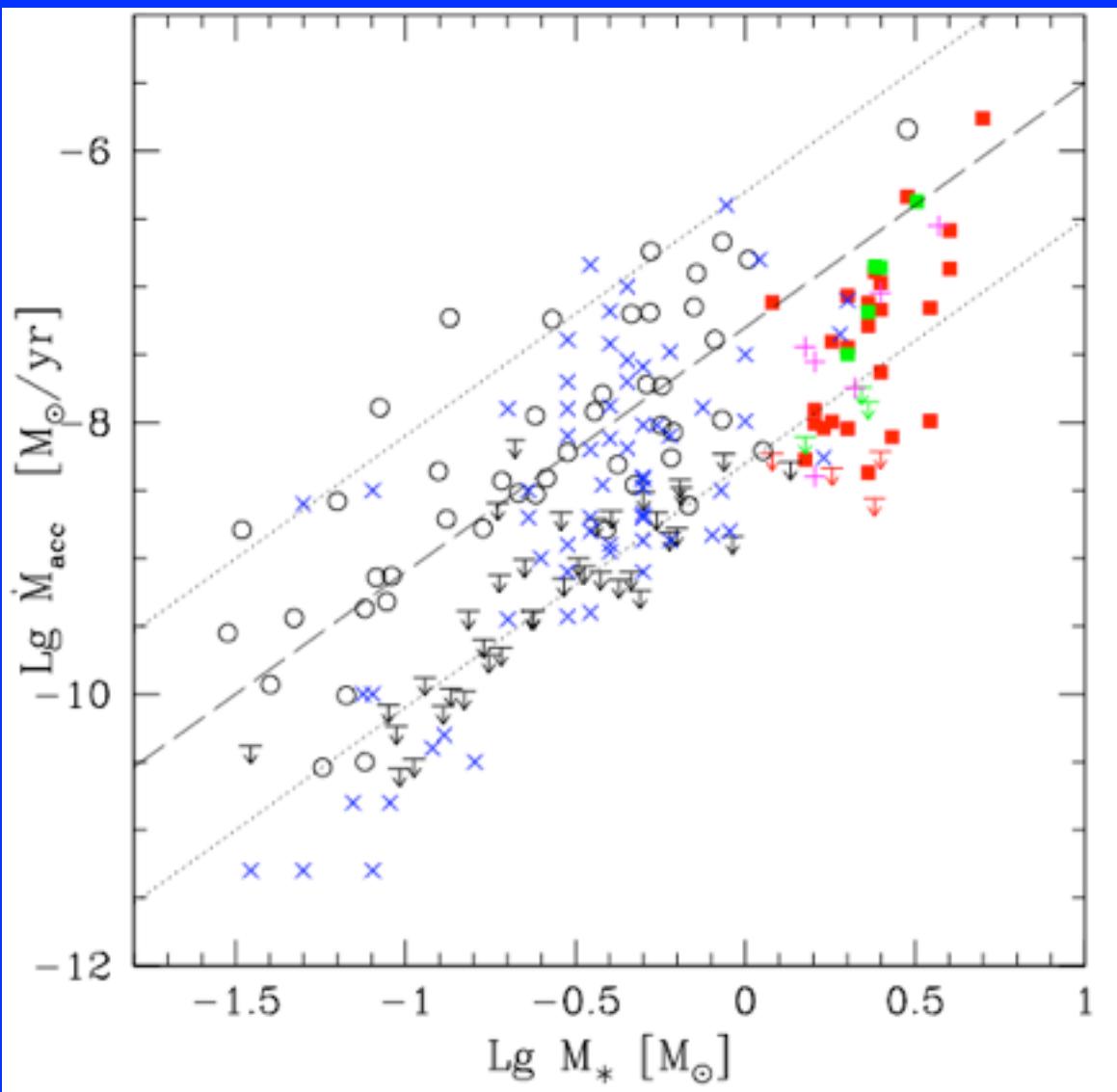
Hertzsprung-Russell Diagram



T Tauri stars: Magnetospheric



dM/dt - Mass Relation



(eg. Garcia Lopez et al. 2006)

Questions for Star Formation

- Do ALL stars form by disk accretion?
- Is there a difference between low- and high-mass star formation?

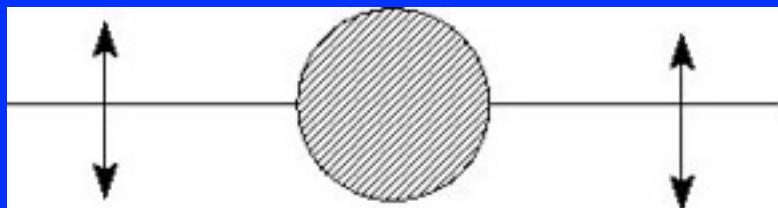
Outline

- Tool: Line Polarization versus Depolarization
- Results last decade
- Future Applications

Polarimetry – from disks

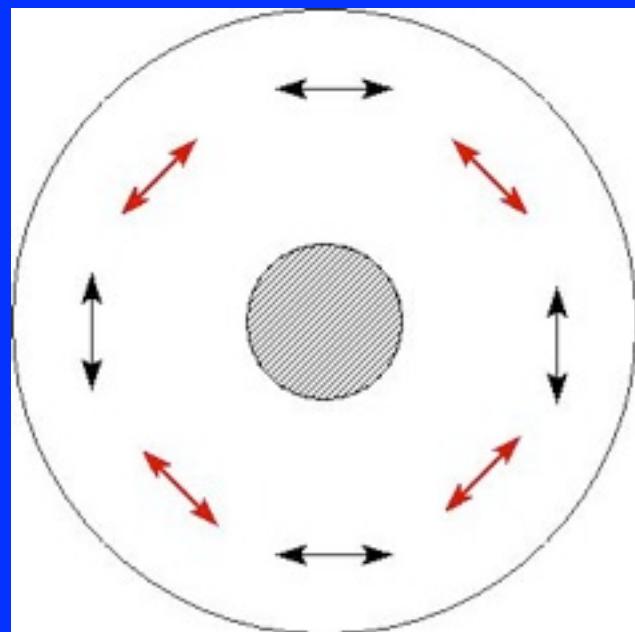
I

$$U = \downarrow - \leftrightarrow$$
$$Q = \nearrow - \searrow$$



$$P = \sqrt{(U^2 + Q^2)}$$

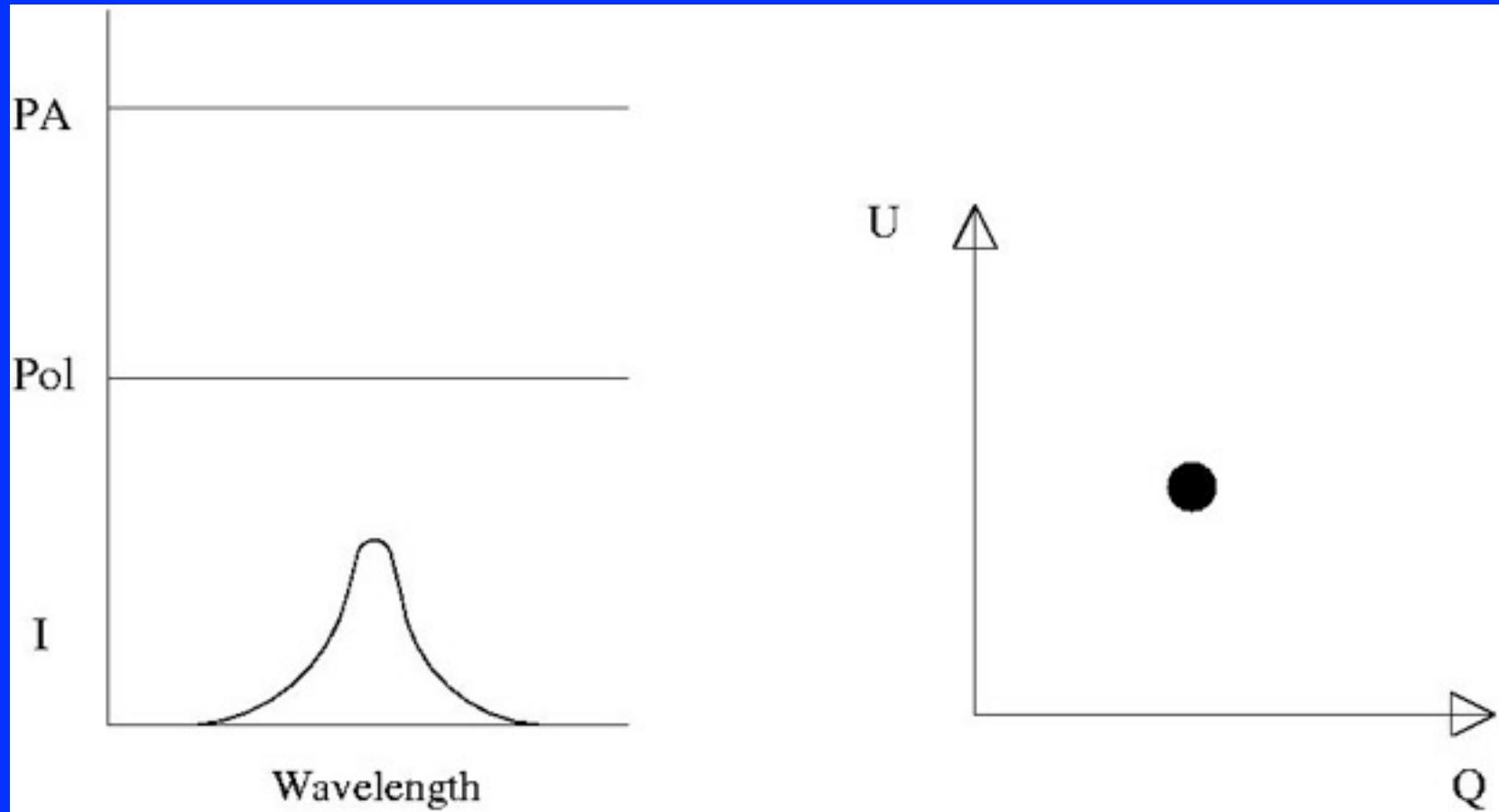
$$\theta = \frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{U}{Q}\right)$$



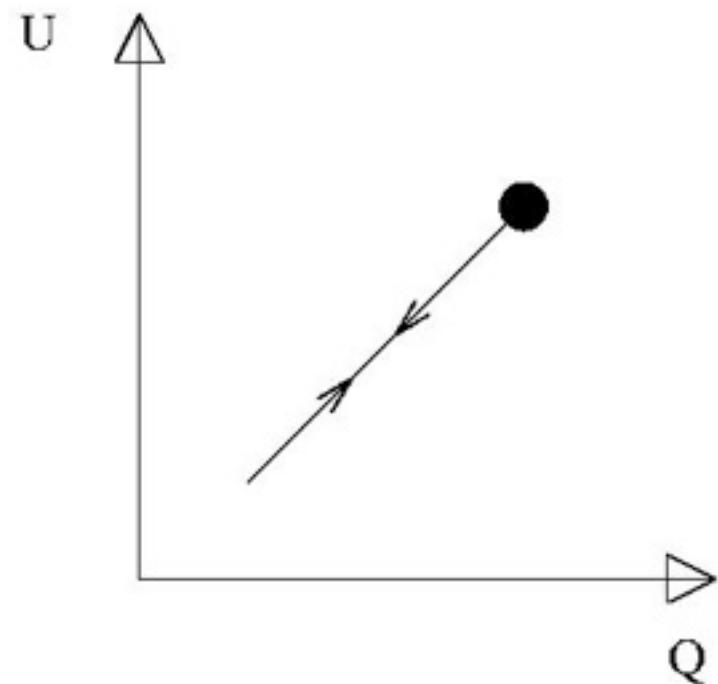
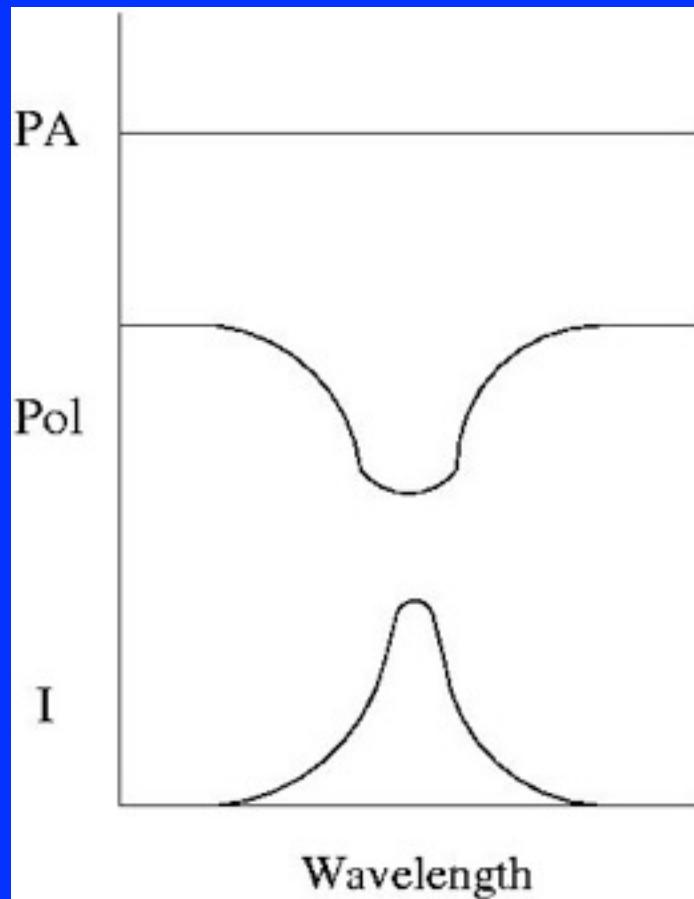
Polarisation across line?

1. No change
2. Depolarisation
3. LINE Polarisation

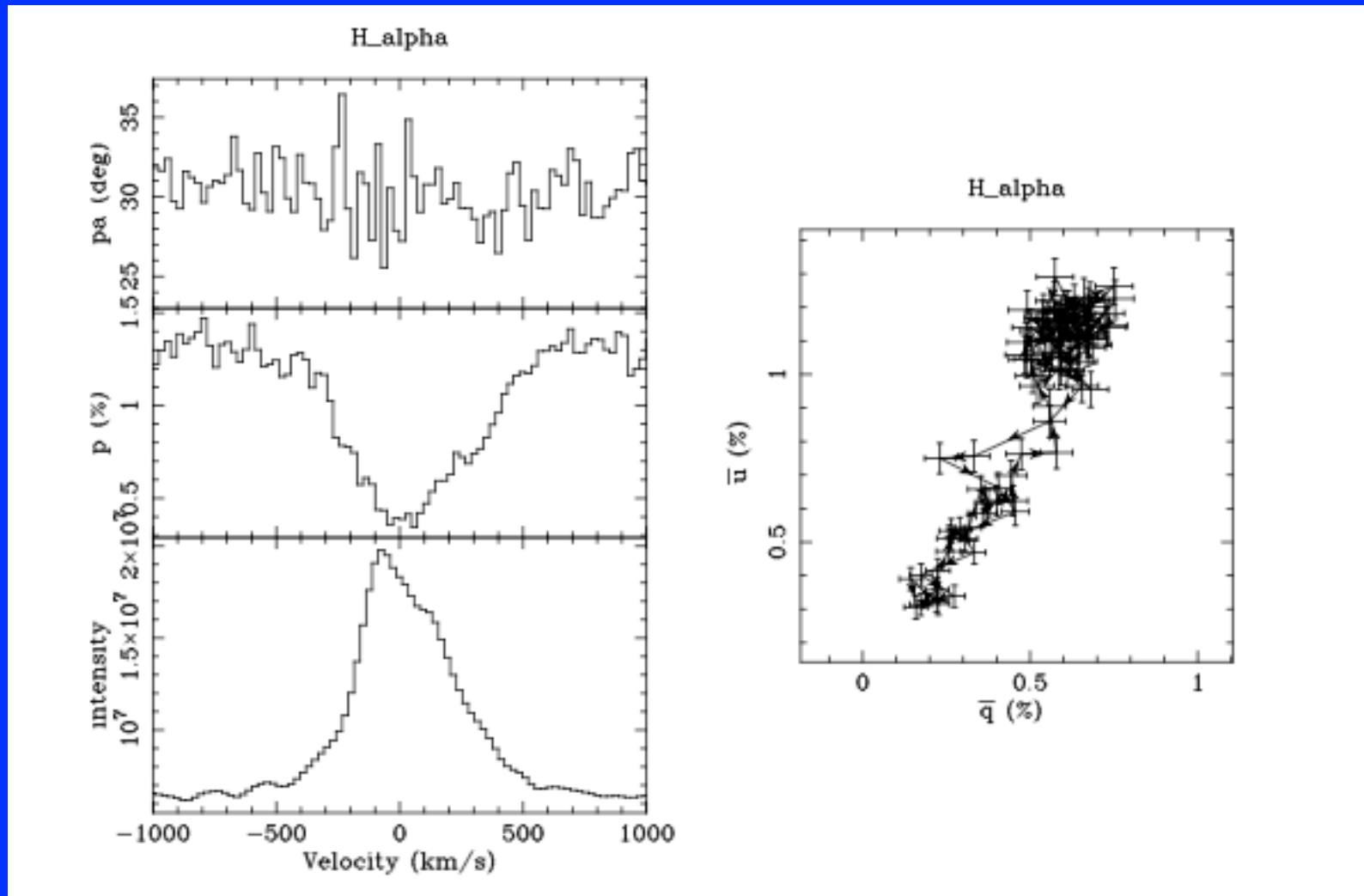
No Polarisation



Depolarisation

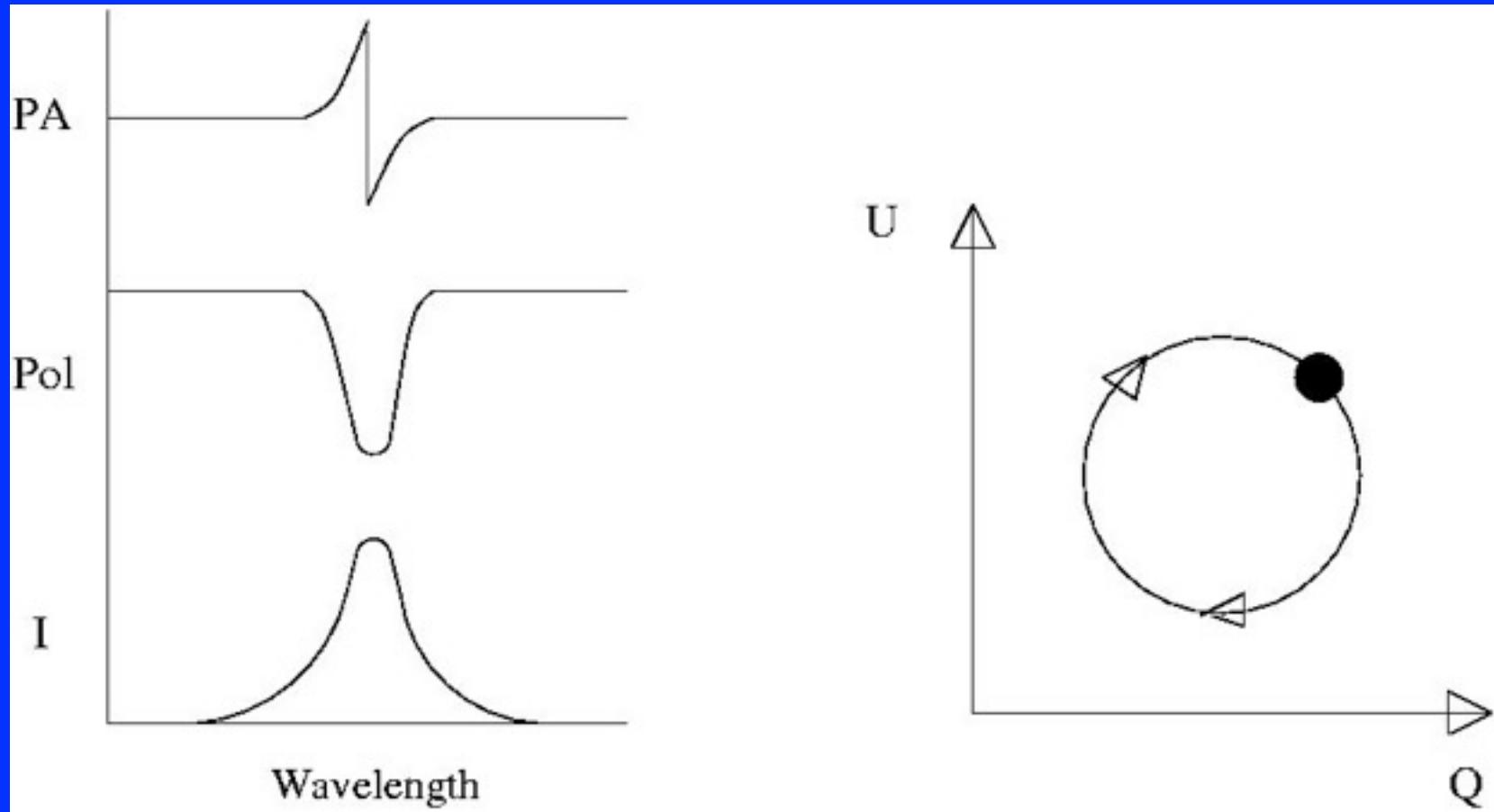


Be star Zeta Tau - it works!



(Oudmaijer 2007)

Line Polarisation – PA Flip

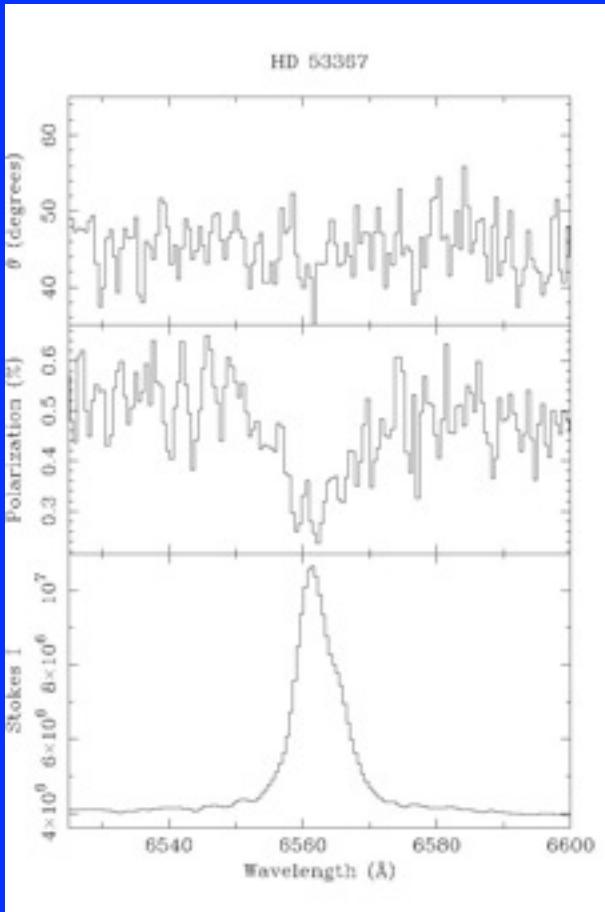


II: Survey Herbigs and T Tauris

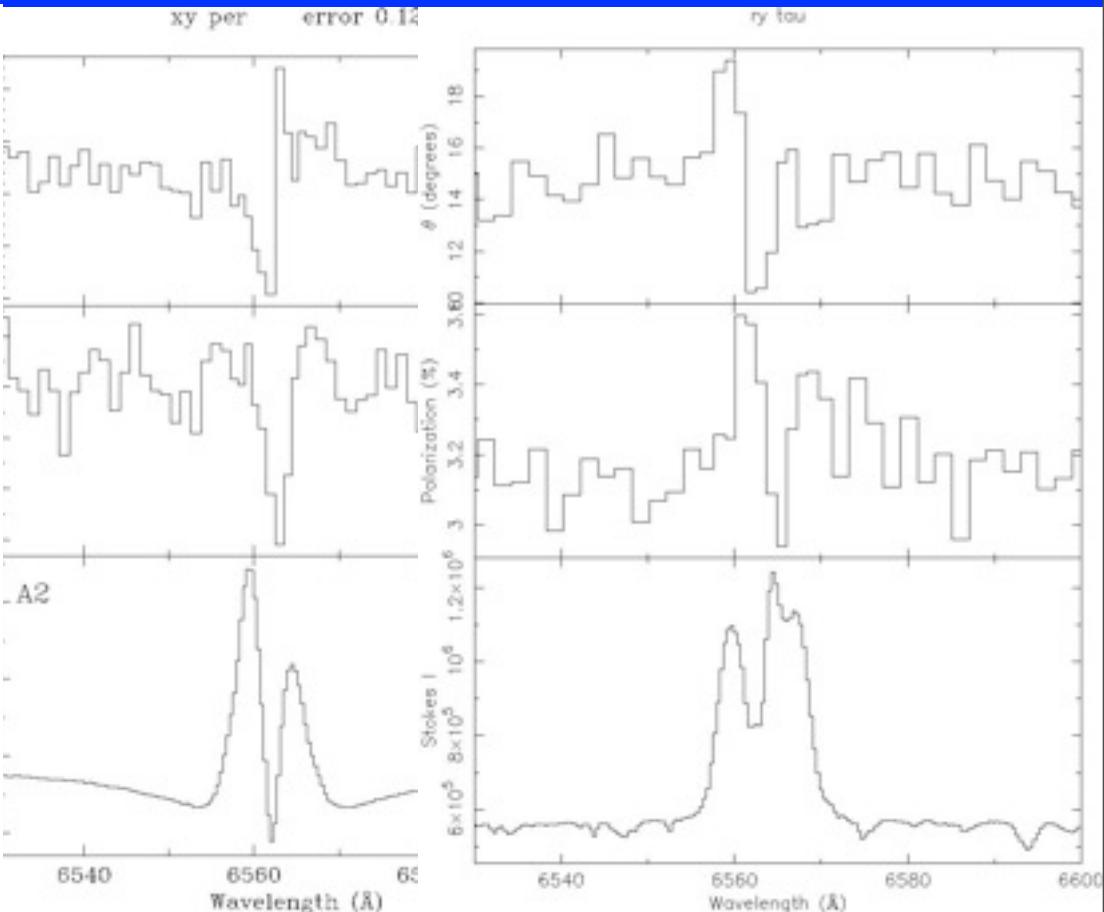
- Herbig Be stars: 12
- Herbig Ae stars: 11
- T Tauri stars: 10

Data: Herbigs and T Tauris

PA
Pol
I



Herbig Be



Herbig Ae

T Tauri

Polarisation across line?

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2. Depolarisation
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Herbig Be: 7/12



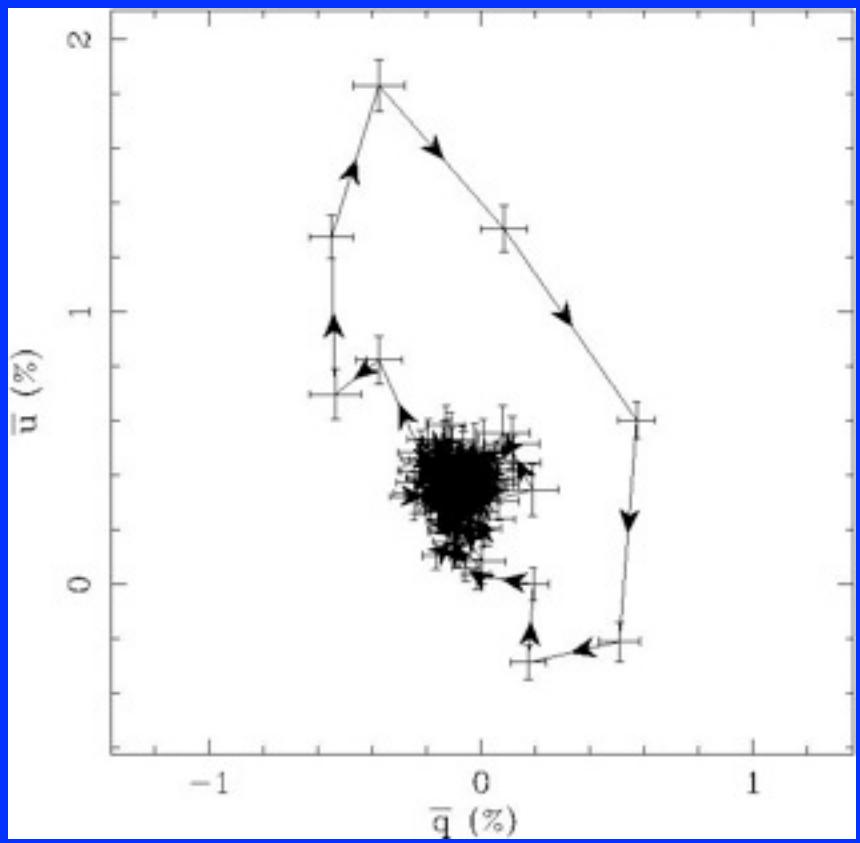
Herbig Ae: 9/11

(Vink et al. 2002)

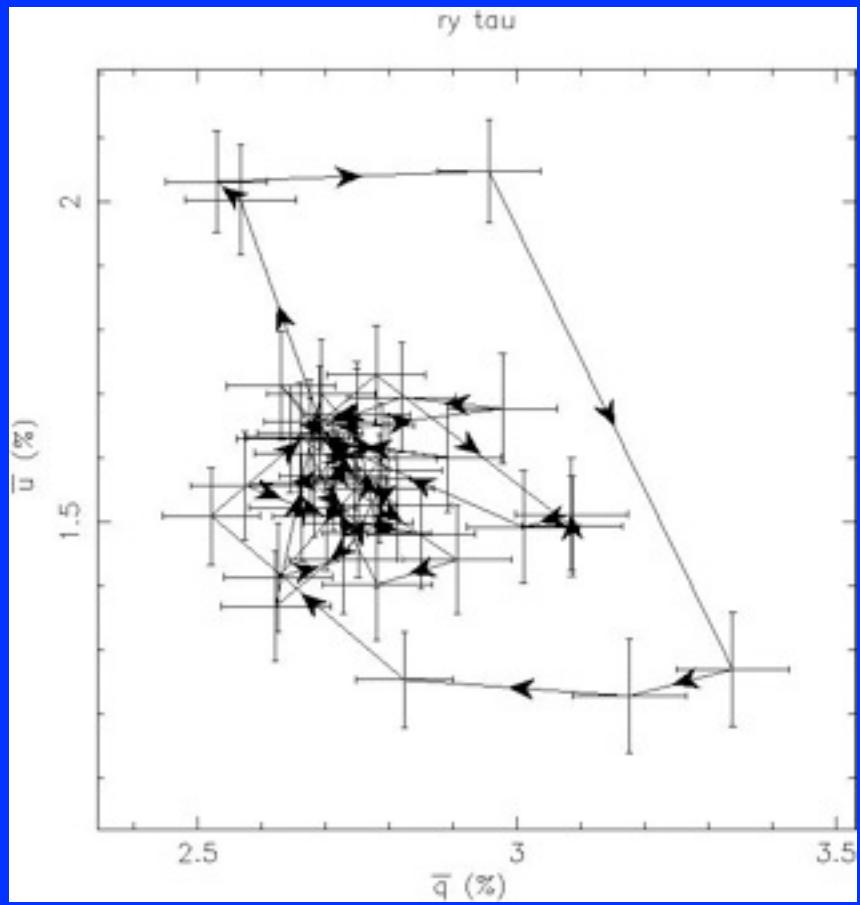
T Tauri: 9/10

(Vink et al. 2005b)

QU: Herbig Ae and T Tauri star



MWC 480

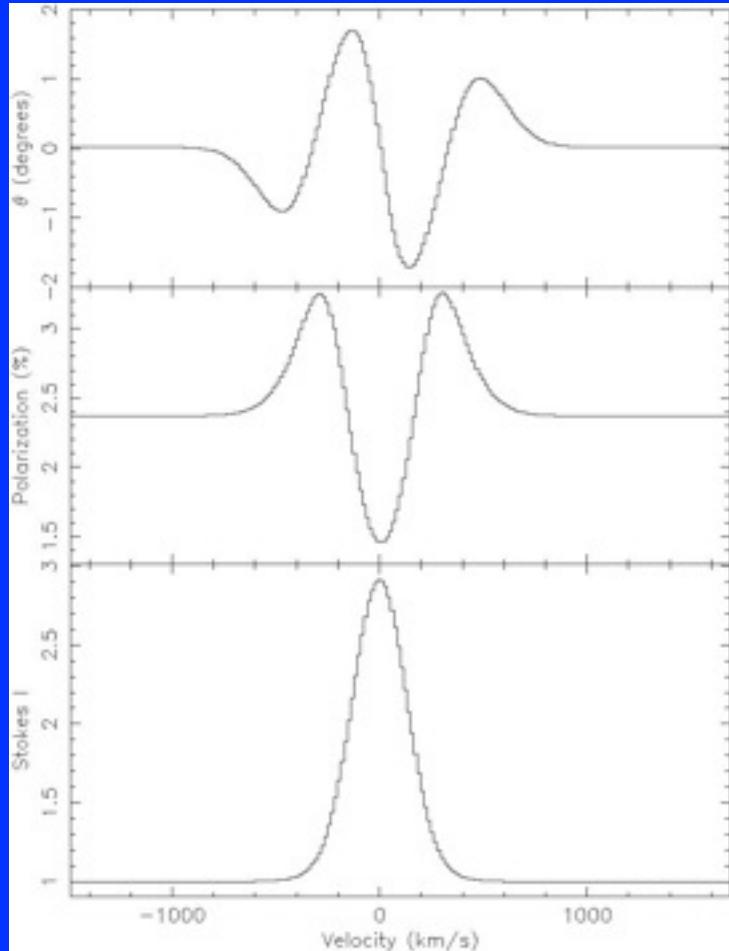
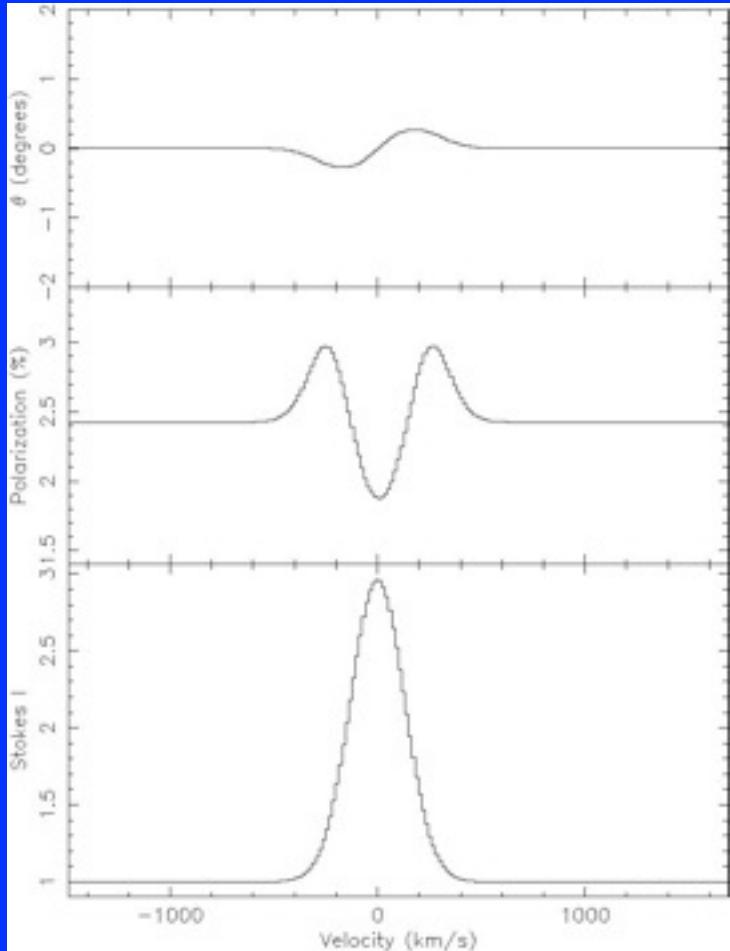


RY Tau

Models of COMPACT line emission

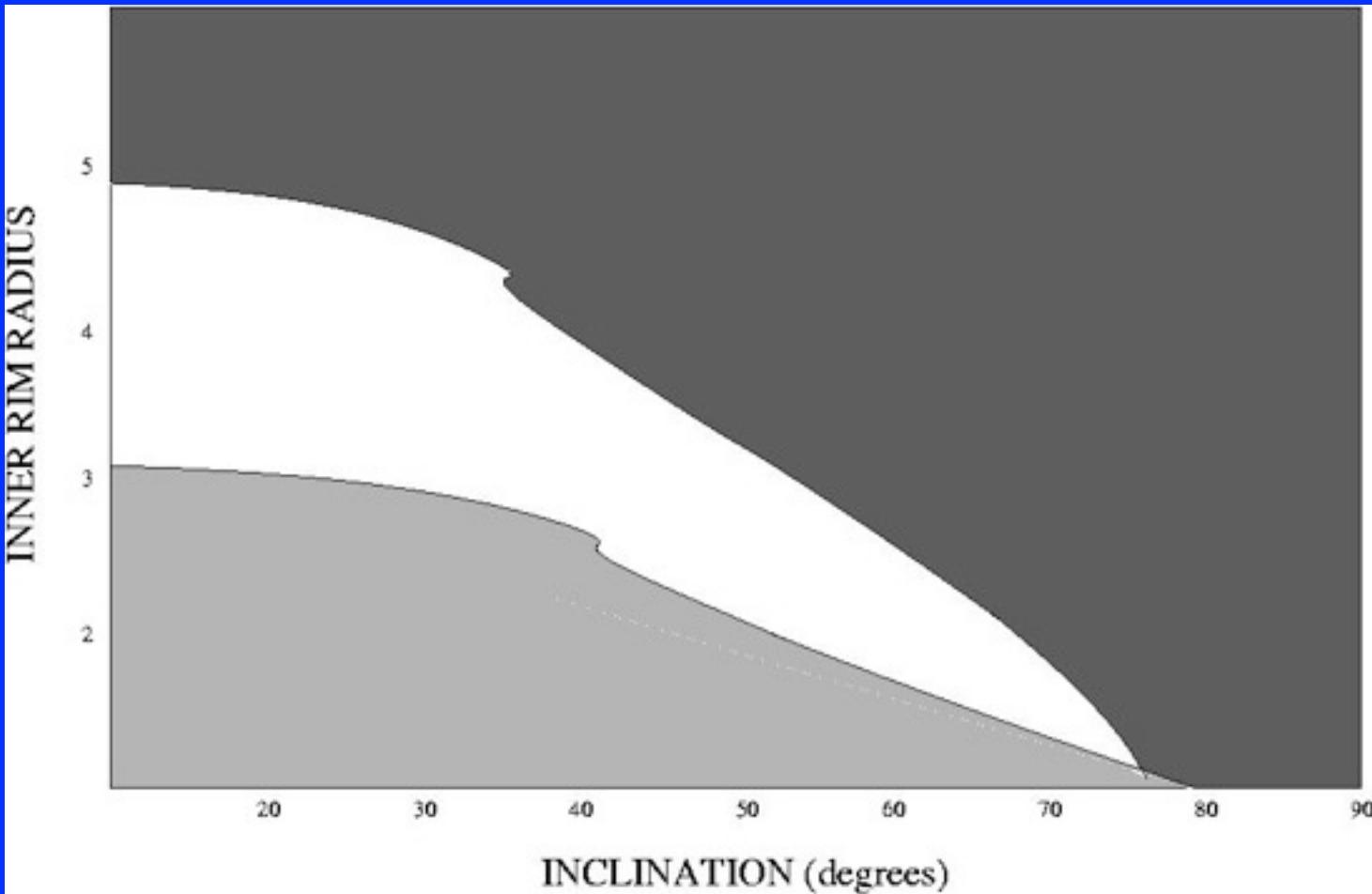
- 3D Monte Carlo
- Keplerian rotating disk
- Scattering only – no line transfer
- With and without an inner hole

With/without a hole



(Vink, Harries & Drew, 2005a, A&A 430, 213)

Constraining the inner disk radius



(Vink et al. 2005a + 2005b)

Imaged disks: position angles

| Object | Alt. Name | Type | Disk PA (°) | Pol. PA (°) | Δ PA (°) | |
|----------------|-----------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---|
| HAe/Be | | | | | | |
| HD 200775 | MWC 361 | B2 | 7 ¹ | 93 ² | 86 | ⊥ |
| MWC 147 | V700 Mon | B6 | 80 ³ | 168 ² | 88 | ⊥ |
| HD 45677 | FS CMa | B2 ⁴ | 77 ⁵ | 164 ⁶ | 87 | ⊥ |
| BD +40° 4124 | V1685 Cyg | B3 | 110 ⁷ | 36 ² | 74 | ⊥ |
| MWC 1080 | V628 Cas | B0 | 55 ⁷ | 75 ² | 20 | |
| CQ Tau | HD 36910 | F3 | 120 ⁸ | 20 ⁹ | 80 | ⊥ |
| MWC 480 | HD 31648 | A3 | 150 ⁷ | 55 ⁹ | 85 | ⊥ |
| AB Aur | HD 31293 | A0 | 79 ¹⁰ | 160 ⁹ | 81 | ⊥ |
| HD 179218 | MWC 614 | A0IVe | 23 ¹¹ | ~45 ¹² | 22 | |
| T Tauri | | | | | | |
| RY Tau | HD 283571 | F8 | 62 ¹³ | 163 ⁹ | 79 | ⊥ |
| SU Aur | HD 282624 | G2 | 127 ¹⁴ | 130 ⁹ | 3 | |
| FU Ori | HBC 186 | G3 | 47 ¹⁵ | 45 ⁹ | 2 | |
| GW Ori | HD 244138 | G5 | 56 ¹⁶ | (60) ⁹ | 4 | |
| DR Tau | HBC 74 | K5 | 128 ¹⁷ | 120 ⁹ | 8 | |

(Wheelwright et al. 2011)

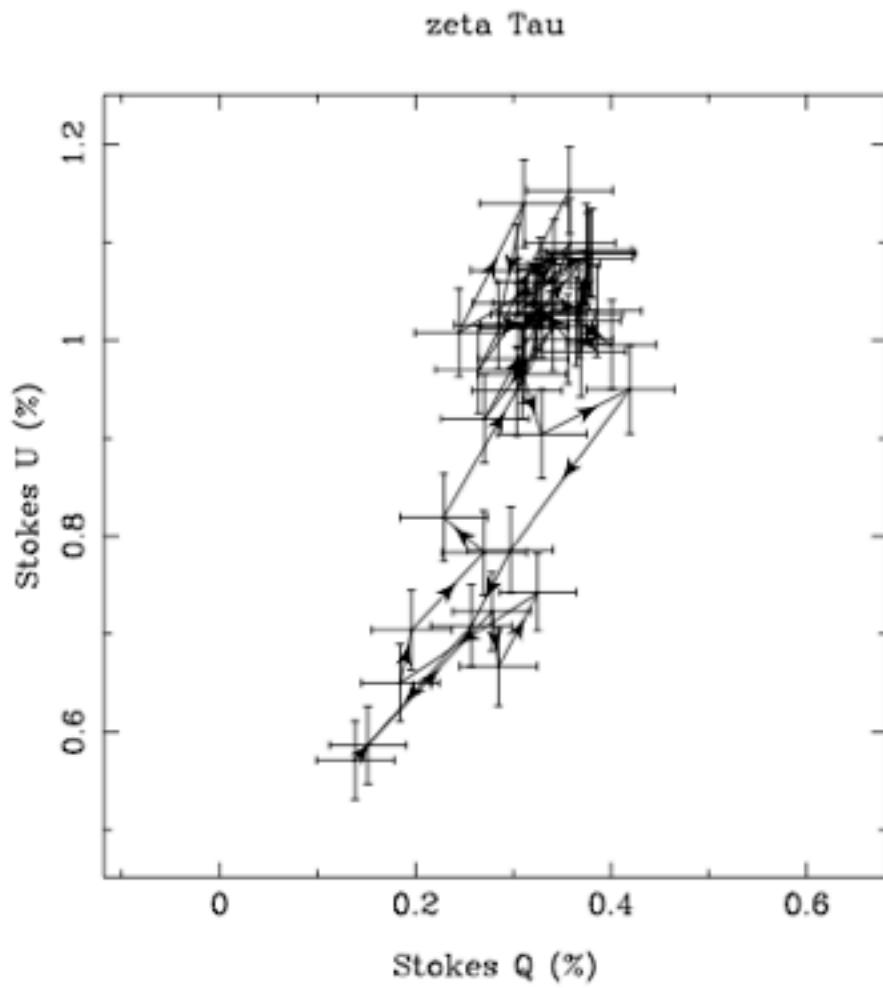
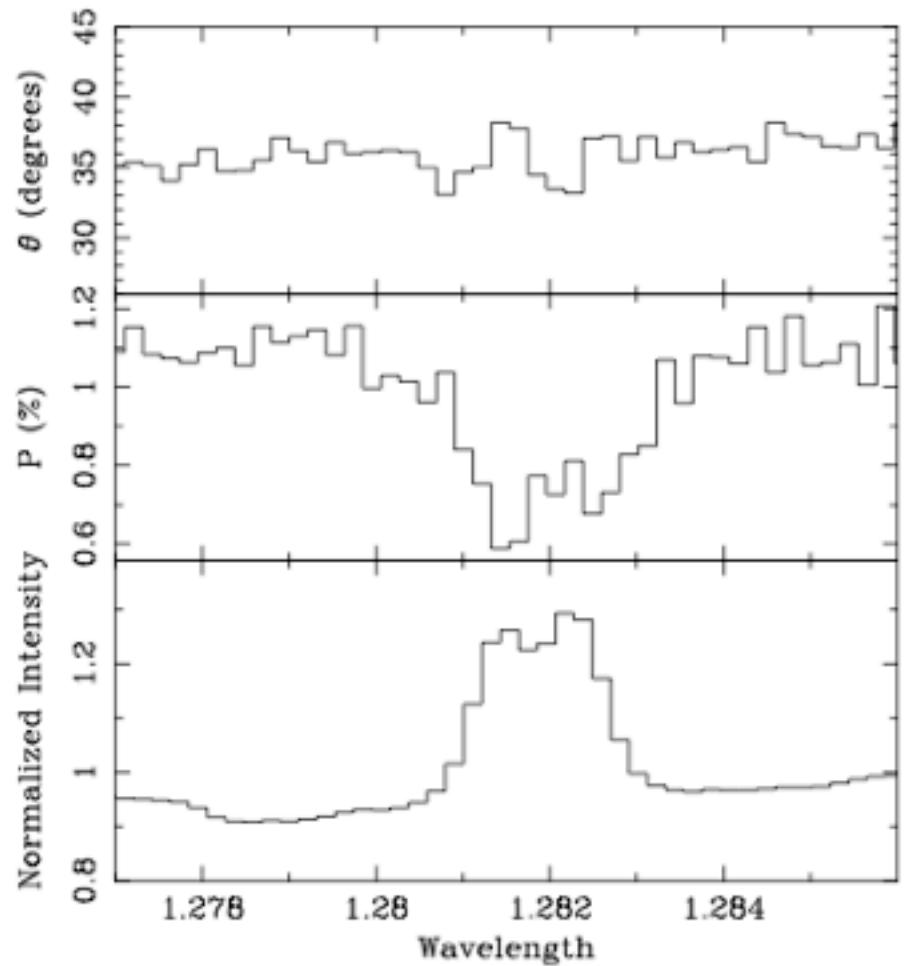
Questions for Star Formation

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(yes)
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(yes)

Future Spectro-polarimetry

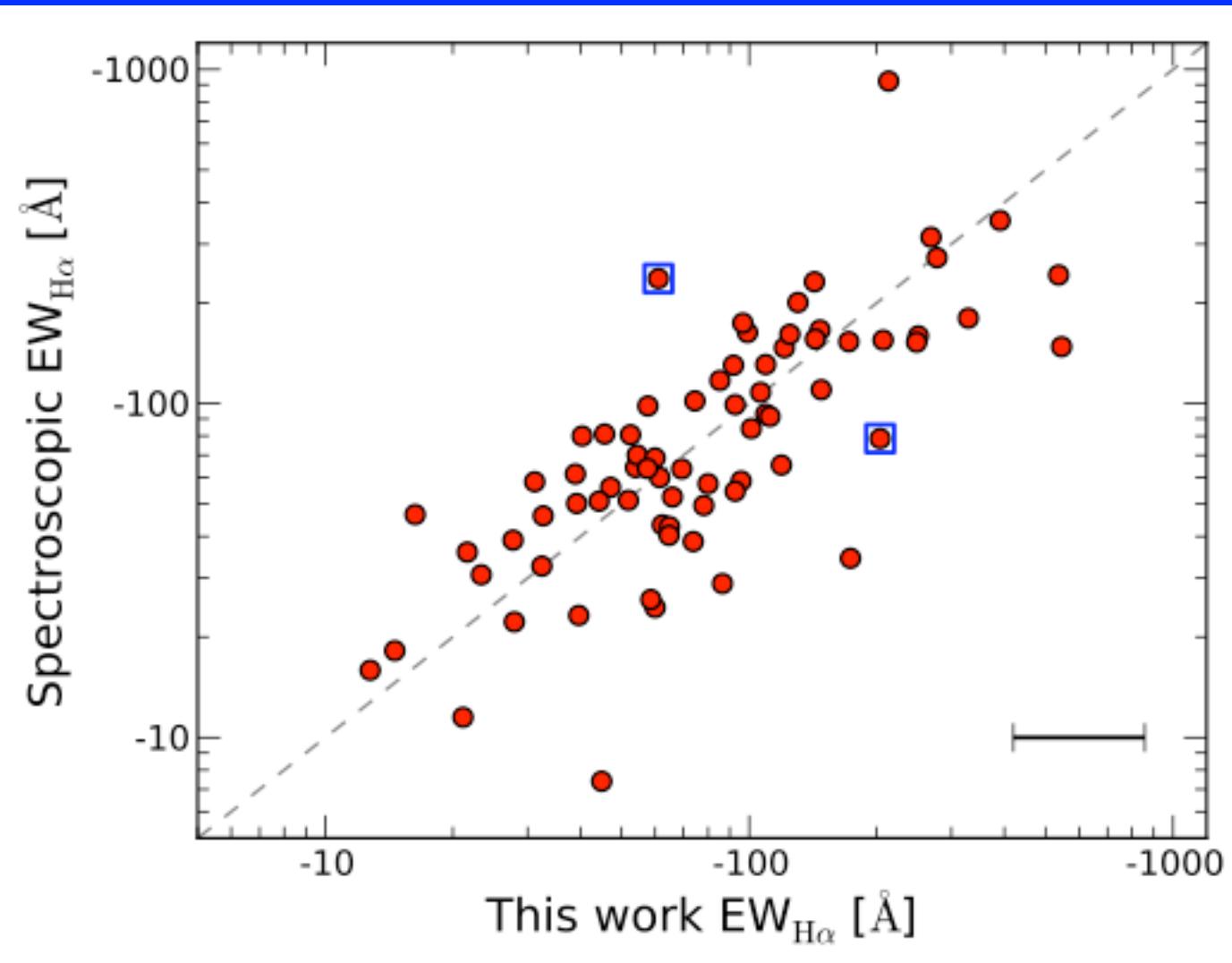
- Infrared
- Larger samples (Surveys)
- Monitoring
- Fainter (larger distances, extra-galactic, lower metallicity)

1) It works in the NIR !



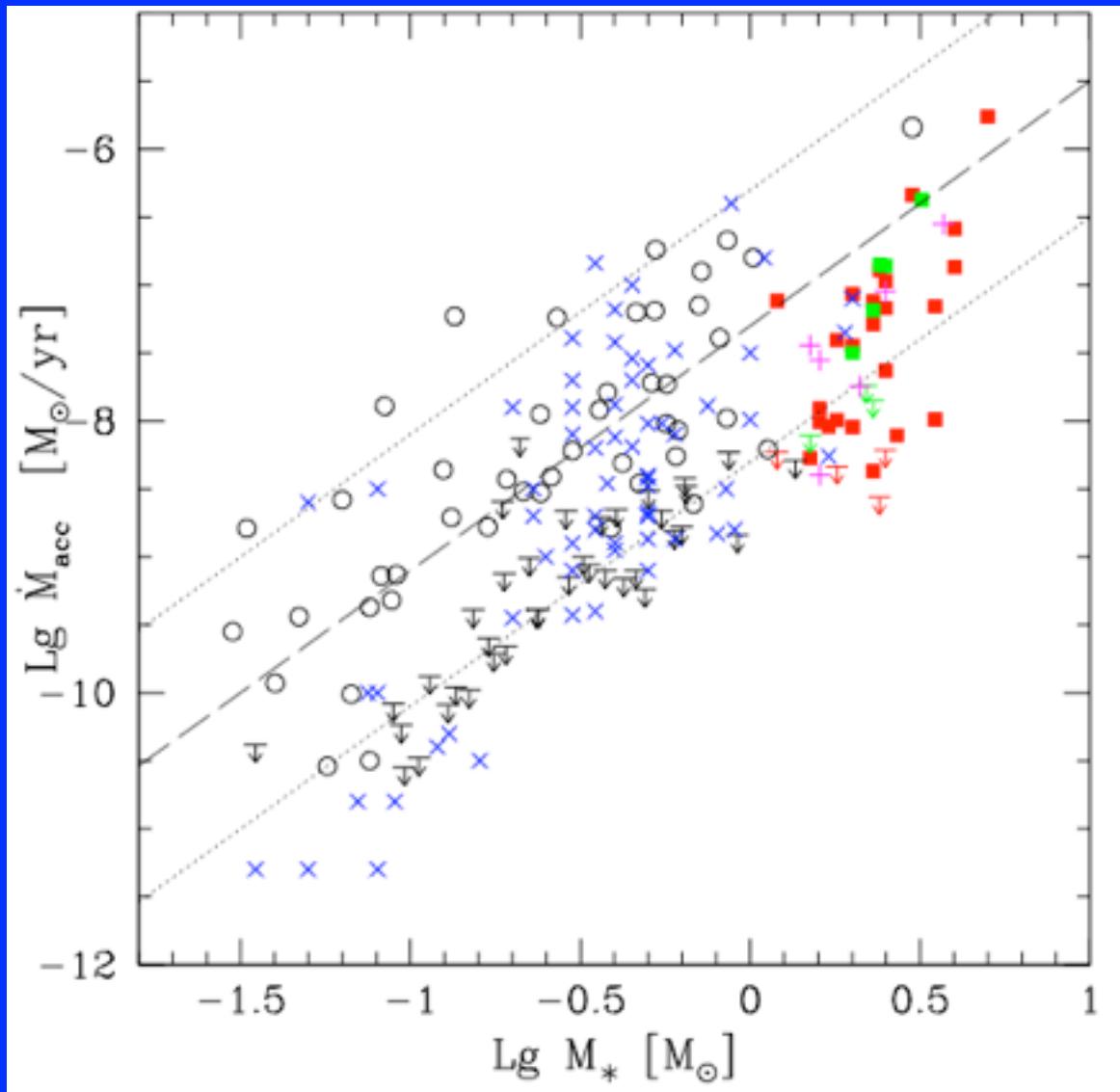
(Oudmaijer et al. 2005)

2) dM/dt from IPHAS/VPHAS photometry vs. spectra



(Barentsen, Vink,
et al. 2013)

dM/dt - Mass Relation



(Garcia Lopez et al. 2006)
slope 2

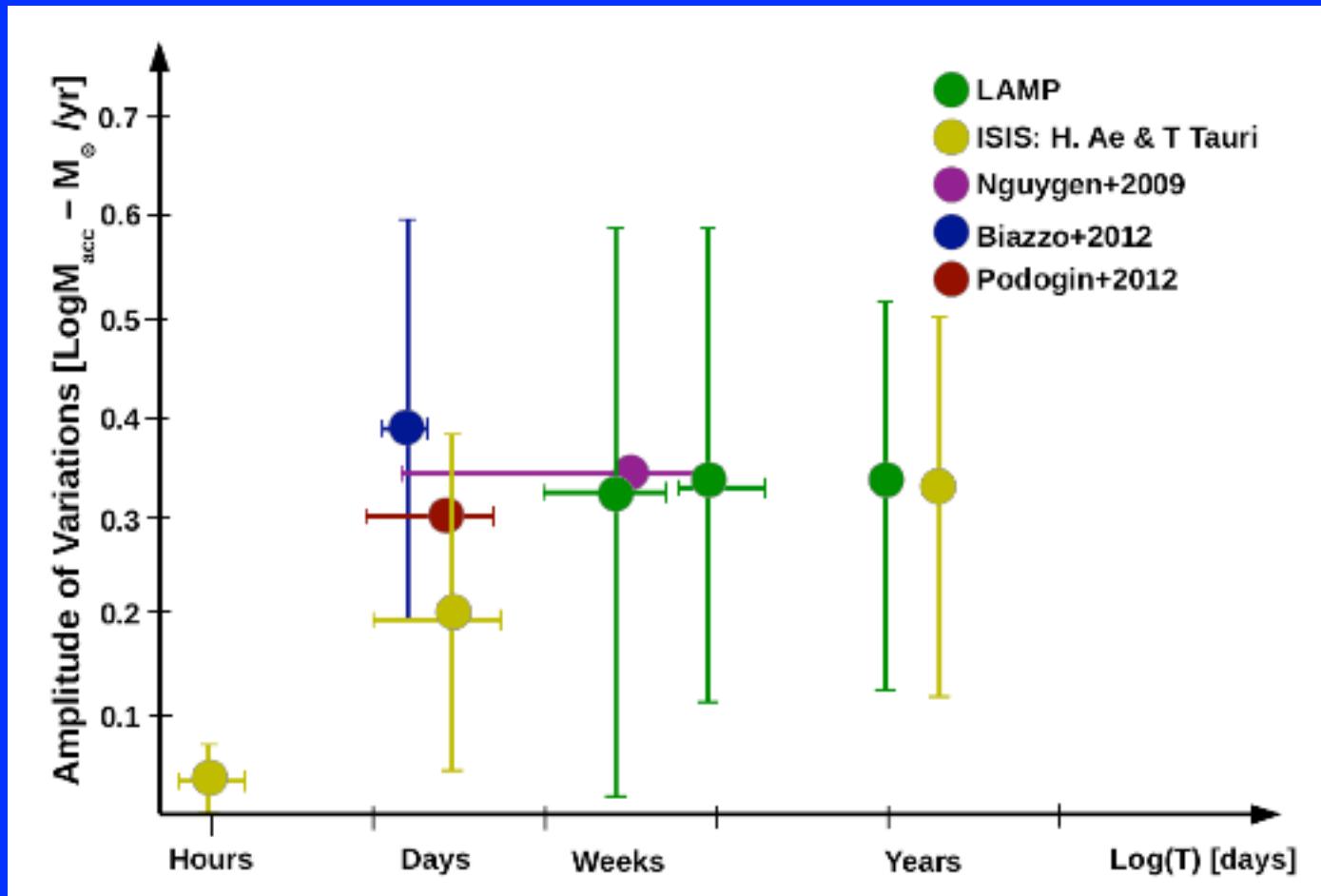
IPHAS:

slope 1 - 3

(Barentsen et al. 2011+2013)

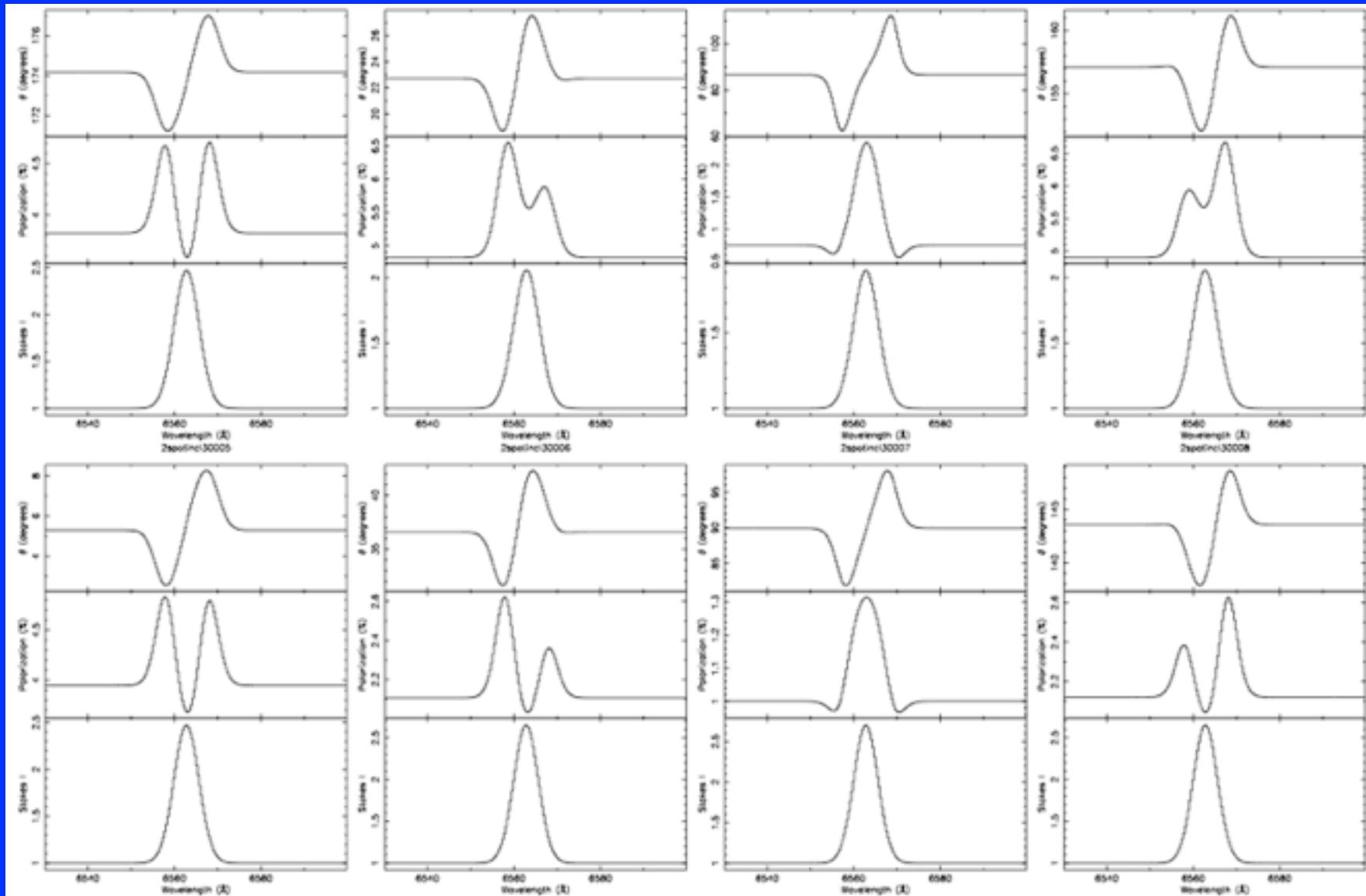
VPHAS+

Spectroscopic Monitoring

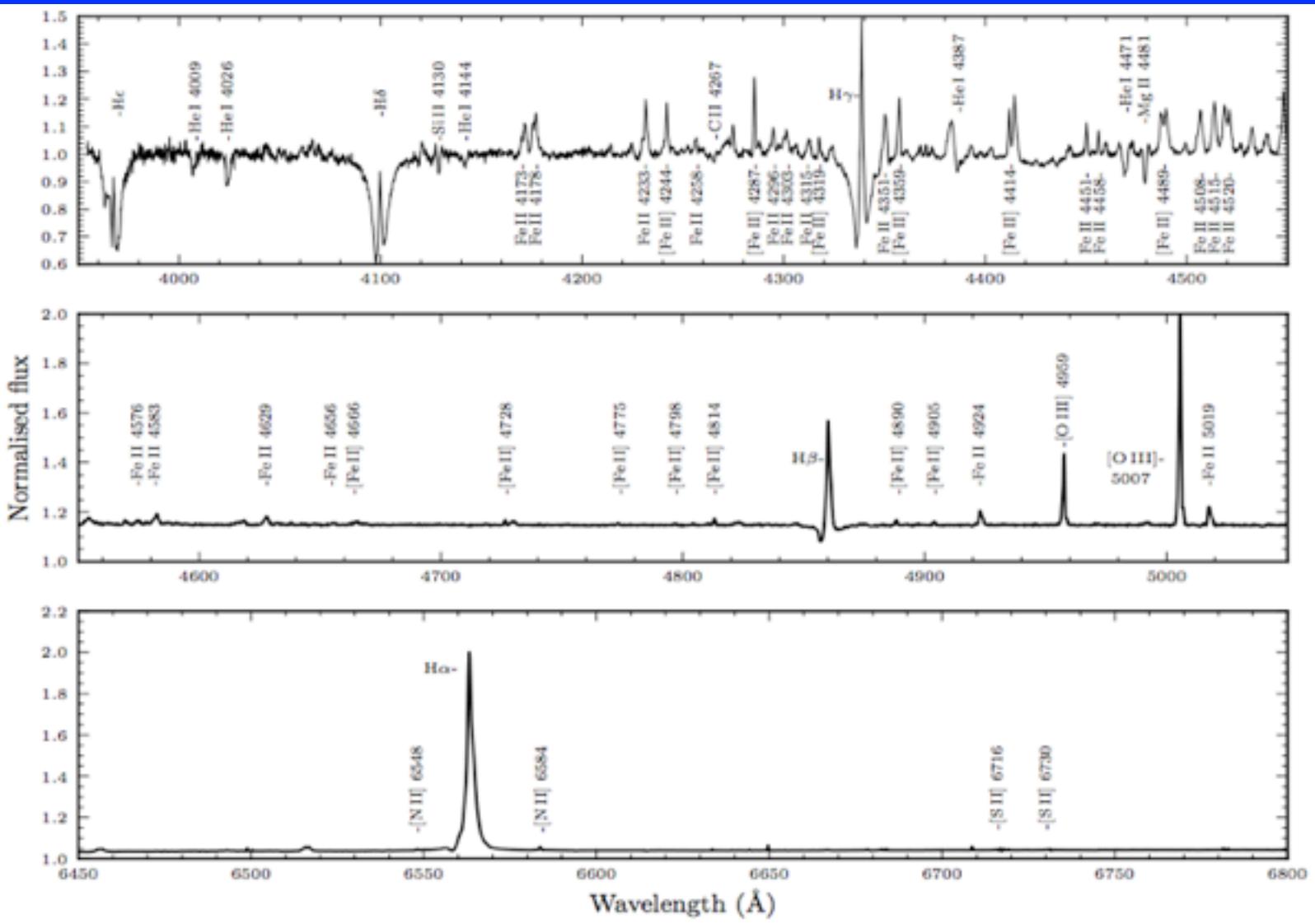


(Costigan et al. 2014 - astro-ph 1403.4088)

3) Spectropolarimetric Monitoring



4) VFTS 822: HB[e] in LMC



(Kalari et al. 2014)

Summary

- Herbig Ae/Be stars have small-scale disks
- Data consistent with disk fragmentation!

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- Rotational timescale key to dM/dt changes

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- Herbig Ae/Be stars have small-scale disks
- Data consistent with disk fragmentation!
- Transition between Herbig Ae and HBes
- Rotational timescale key to dM/dt changes
- Require linear QU specpol monitoring!