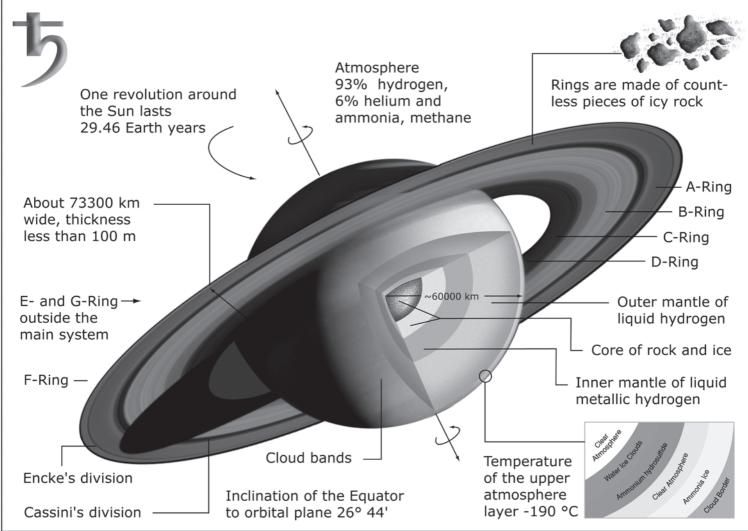
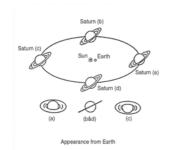
Summary Information Sheet

SATURN

Saturn, named after the Roman god of agriculture, is the sixth major planet from the Sun. It is a gas giant like Jupiter and is well known for its amazing system of coloured rings. Due to its low density and fast rotation, Saturn has a bulging equator and is lighter than the same volume of water.



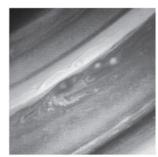




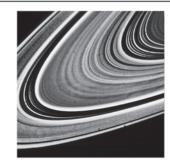
Saturn and its various ring aspects



Seasonal changes on Saturn



The upper cloud deck



Ring system

Physical Data

Property
Distance from the Sun
Rotation period
Equatorial radius
Mass
Density
Satellites
ages: ESO ESA NASA except otherwise sta

Images:	ESO,	ESA,	NASA,	except	otherwise	stated

Saturn 1432 million km 10 hrs 14 min 60268 km $5.69 \times 10^{26} \text{kg}$ 700 kg/m³

30+

Jupiter 779 million km 9 hrs 55 min 71500 km $1.899 \times 10^{27} \text{kg}$ 1330 kg/m³ 60^{+}

For comparison						
	Earth					
km	150 million km					
in	23 hrs 56 min					
1	6378 km					
⁷ kg	5.97×10^{24} kg					
1 ³	5520 kg/m ³					
	1					
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