

# Tests of novel wavefront reconstructors on sky with CANARY

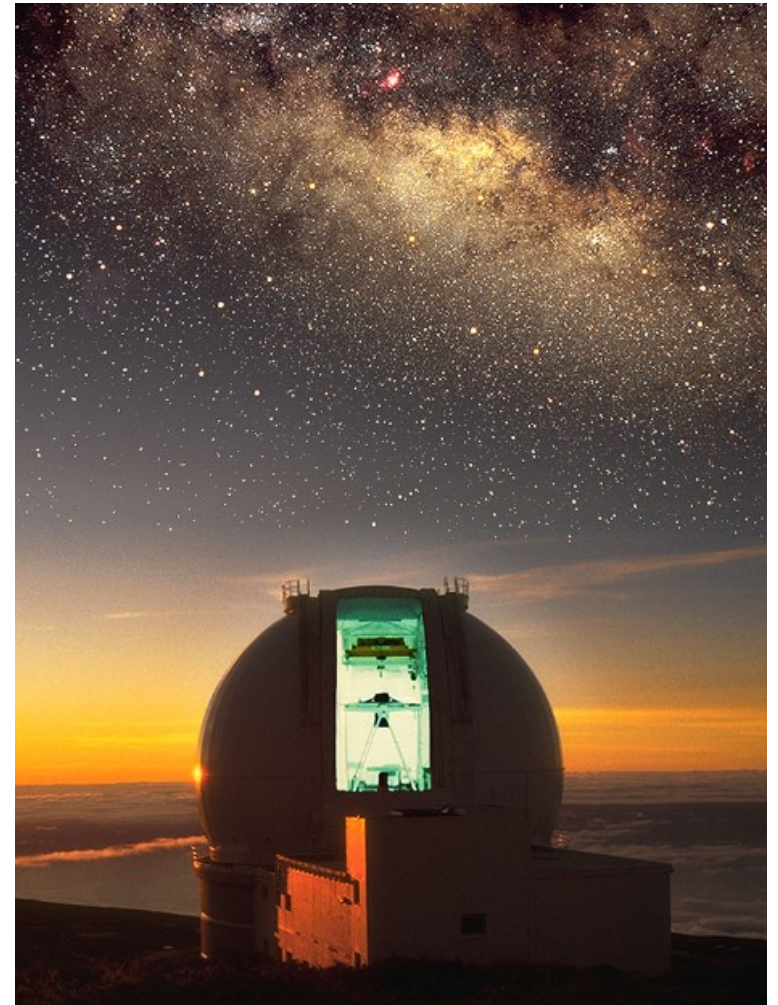
Urban Bitenc, CfAI, Durham, UK

Real Time Control for Adaptive Optics  
ESO, Garching, 4<sup>th</sup> - 5<sup>th</sup> Dec 2012



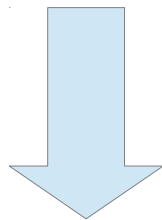
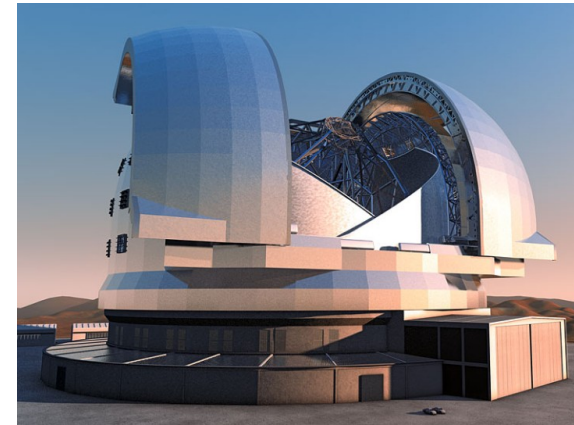
# OUTLOOK

- RECONSTRUCTORS:
  - MVM
  - CuRe
  - DiCuRe
- WHT, CANARY, DARC
- MEASUREMENTS in 2012
- PLANS
- CONCLUSION

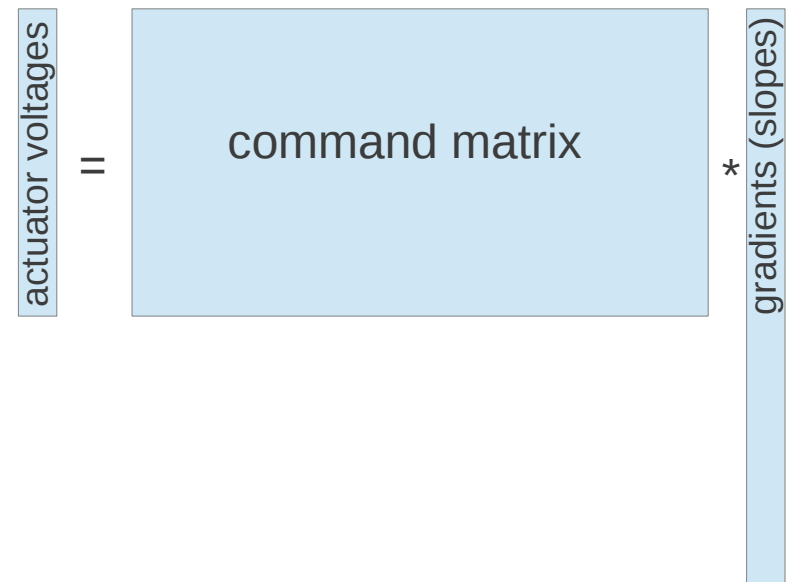


# MVM

- obtain interaction matrix
- invert to get command matrix
- num. actuators  $\times$   $2 \times$  num. subaps  $\implies N^2$
- too slow for ELT - EPICS

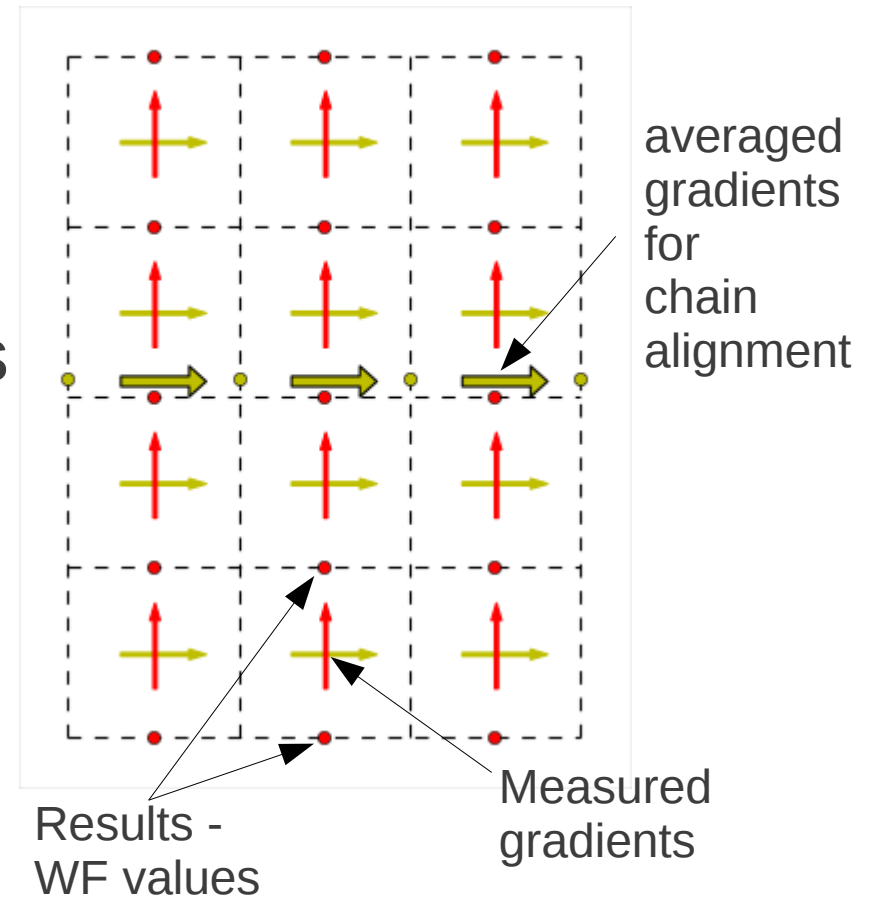


- investigate alternative solutions

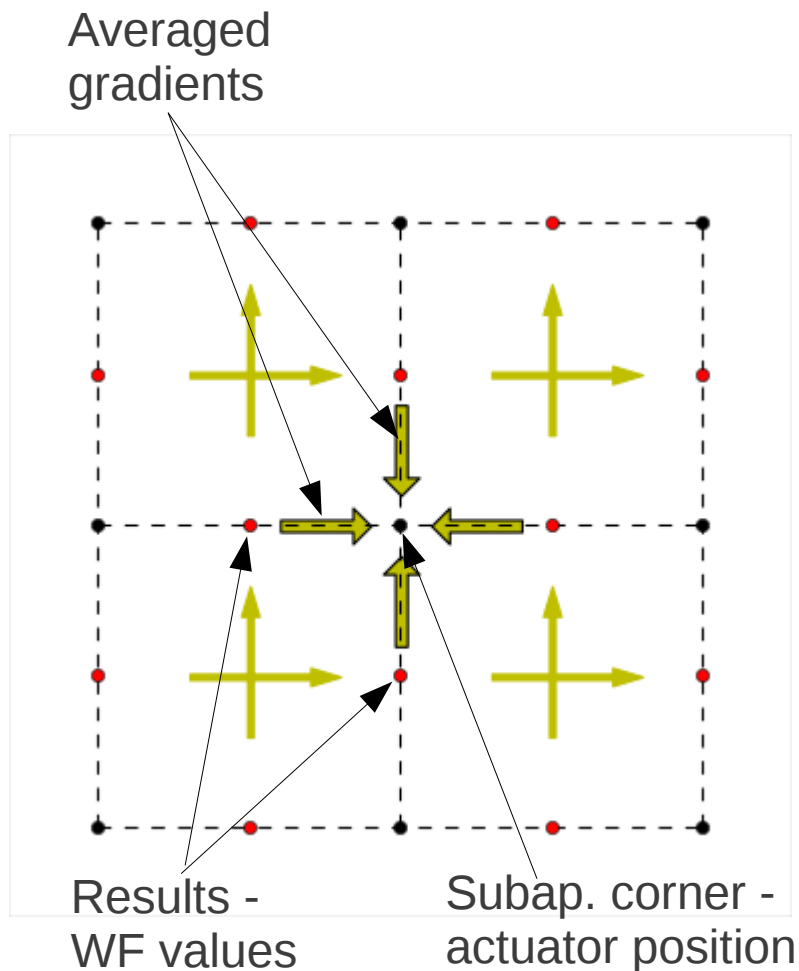


# Cumulative Reconstruction

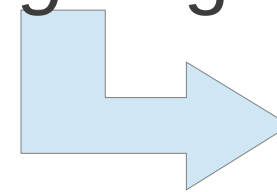
- Talk from M. Rosensteiner
- direct algebraic reconstruction
- “integrate” gradients to get chains of **WaveFront** values
- align the chains using a perpendicular chain obtained from average gradients



# Cumulative Reconstruction



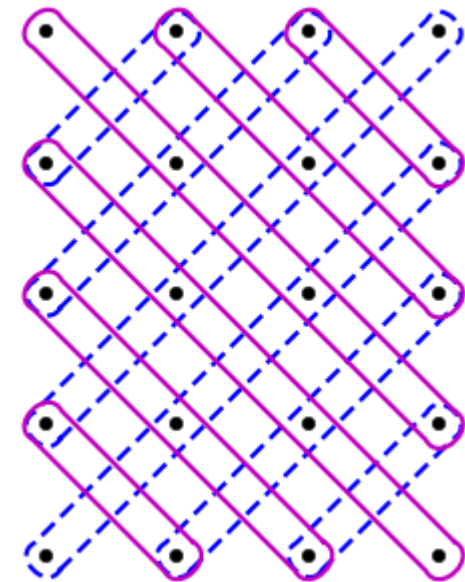
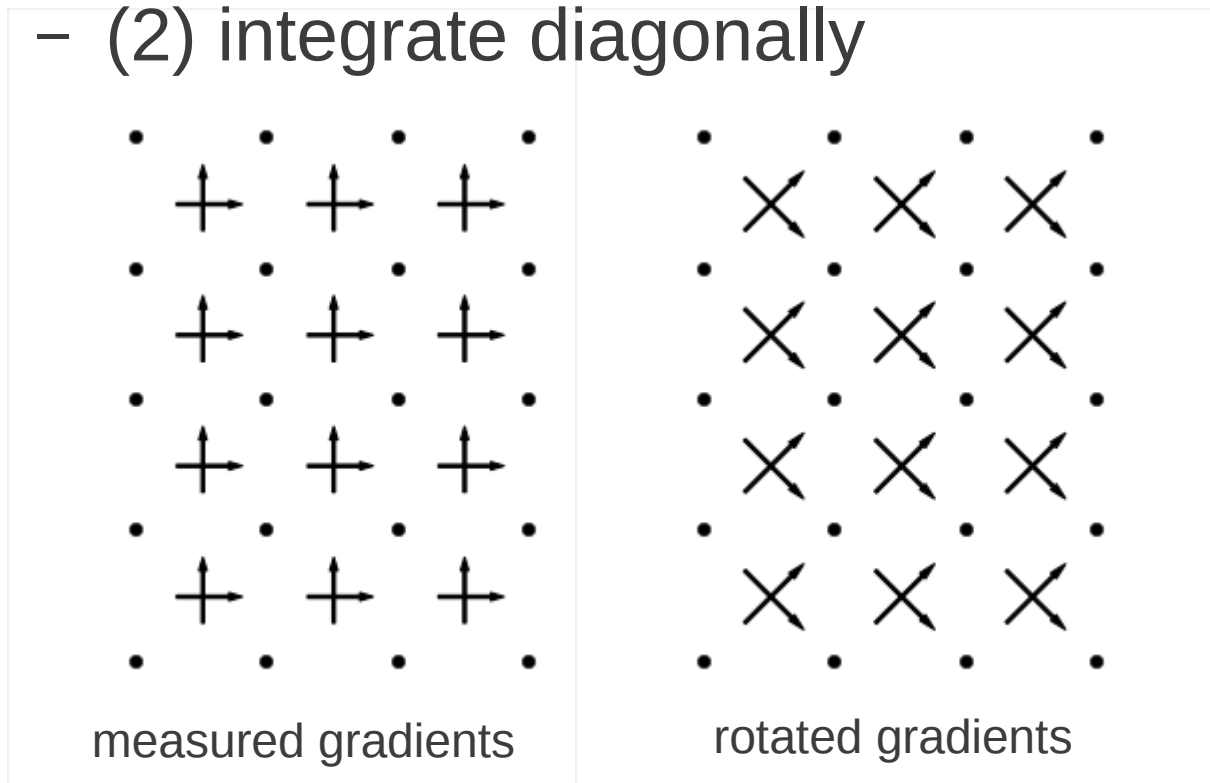
- Result: **WaveFront** values in the middle of subaperture sides
- What one needs: values at subaperture corners
- Estimate it from the four surrounding points and *averaged* gradients



Loss of high spatial frequencies

# Diagonal CuRe

- Alternative approach (being developed in Durham):
  - (1) rotate gradients
  - (2) integrate diagonally



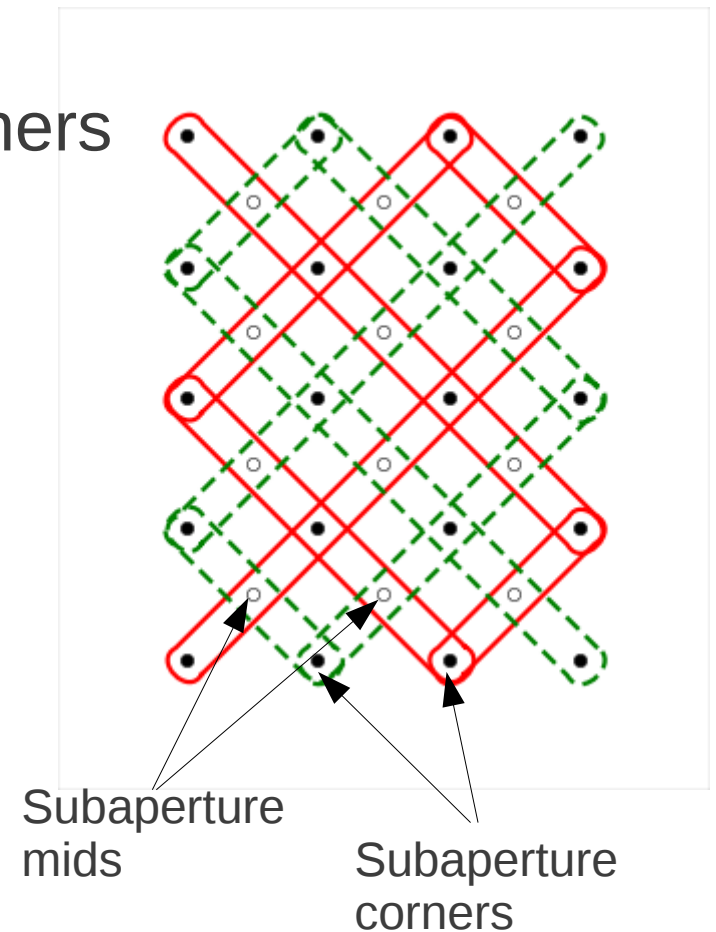
integrated chains

# Diagonal CuRe

- To align the chains, require:
  - same value on subaperture corners

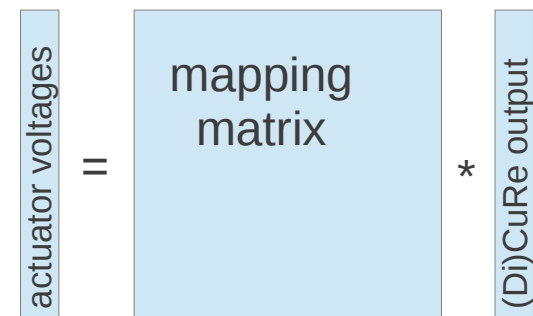
AND

  - same value in the middle of the subapertures
- $Ao + Bc = 0$ 
  - $o$ : vector of offsets (unknowns)
  - $c$ : vector of chain elements
- Still in the development phase



# Mapping matrix

- CuRe/DiCuRe result: WF values at subaperture corners
- What you need: values at DM actuators positions
- Subaperture corners to actuators mapping matrix:
  - (1) run CuRe/DiCuRe over columns of the interaction matrix => matrix A
  - (2) invert matrix A ==> “mapping” matrix
  - (3) to obtain actuator voltages, multiply the (Di)CuRe output vector with the mapping matrix.
- Computationally intensive:  $N^2$ 
  - make it sparse by setting 70%, 80%, 90% of elements to 0
- Alternative: find the actuator positions by fitting, then interpolate





# MVM vs. CuRe and DiCuRe

- Number of operations required:
  - MVM:  $2*N^2$
  - CuRe:  $12*N$
  - DiCuRe:  $20*N$ , with noise reduction  $N^{3/2}$
- For the presented measurements the speed was not measured.

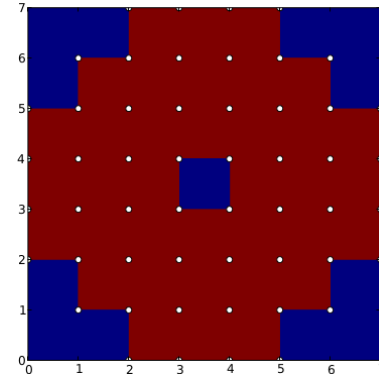
# WHT:



William Herschel Telescope  
ORM, La Palma, Canary Islands

# CANARY:

- An on-sky MOAO demonstrator
- For these tests:
  - SCAO mode, 7x7 subapertures, 36 illuminated
  - closed loop
  - used the telescope simulator



# DARC: Durham AO RTC

- CANARY uses DARC for real-time control
- Modular: to implement CuRe or DiCuRe, no changes to DARC needed, just provide the new reconstruction module
- This implementation of CuRe and DiCuRe:
  - no parallelisation
  - reconstruction begins when all the slopes are available

# September and October 2012 runs

- **September 2012:**
  - CuRe and DiCuRe tests on bench and on sky (bad seeing)
  - both work stably in a closed loop
- **October 2012:**
  - CuRe unchanged
  - DiCuRe enhanced, but introduced a bug causing instability.
  - Bench test and on sky (excellent seeing)

# Bench tests

- Test on the bench, gain = 0.3

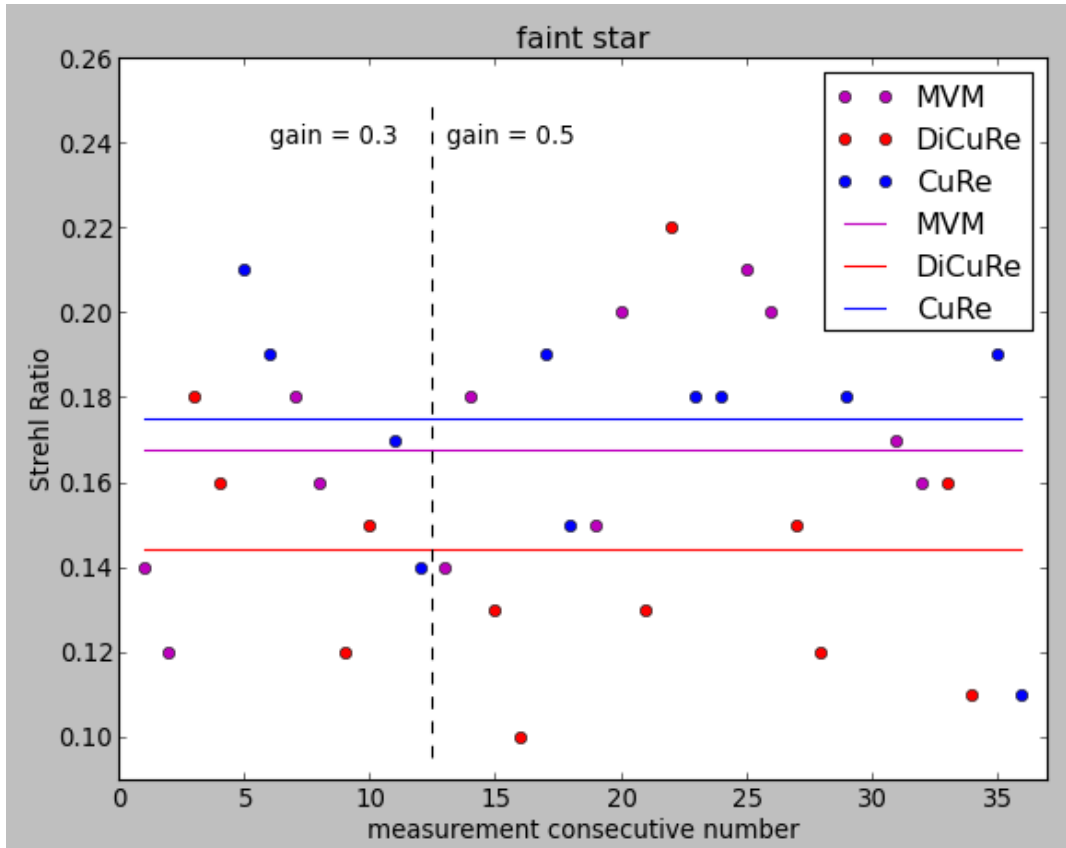
Reconstructor	Measured Strehl ratios	average Strehl r.
MVM	0.22, 0.22, 0.22, 0.22, 0.22	0.220
DiCuRe	0.21, 0.22, 0.21, 0.22, 0.21	0.214
CuRe	0.23, 0.24, 0.22, 0.23, 0.24	0.232

- Test sparsity of the “mapping matrix” (subaperture corners to actuators):

**DiCuRe** (different conditions than the table above):

Sparsity	Strehl
1.0	0.23
0.3	0.22
0.2	0.21
0.1	0.13

# On sky test: faint star

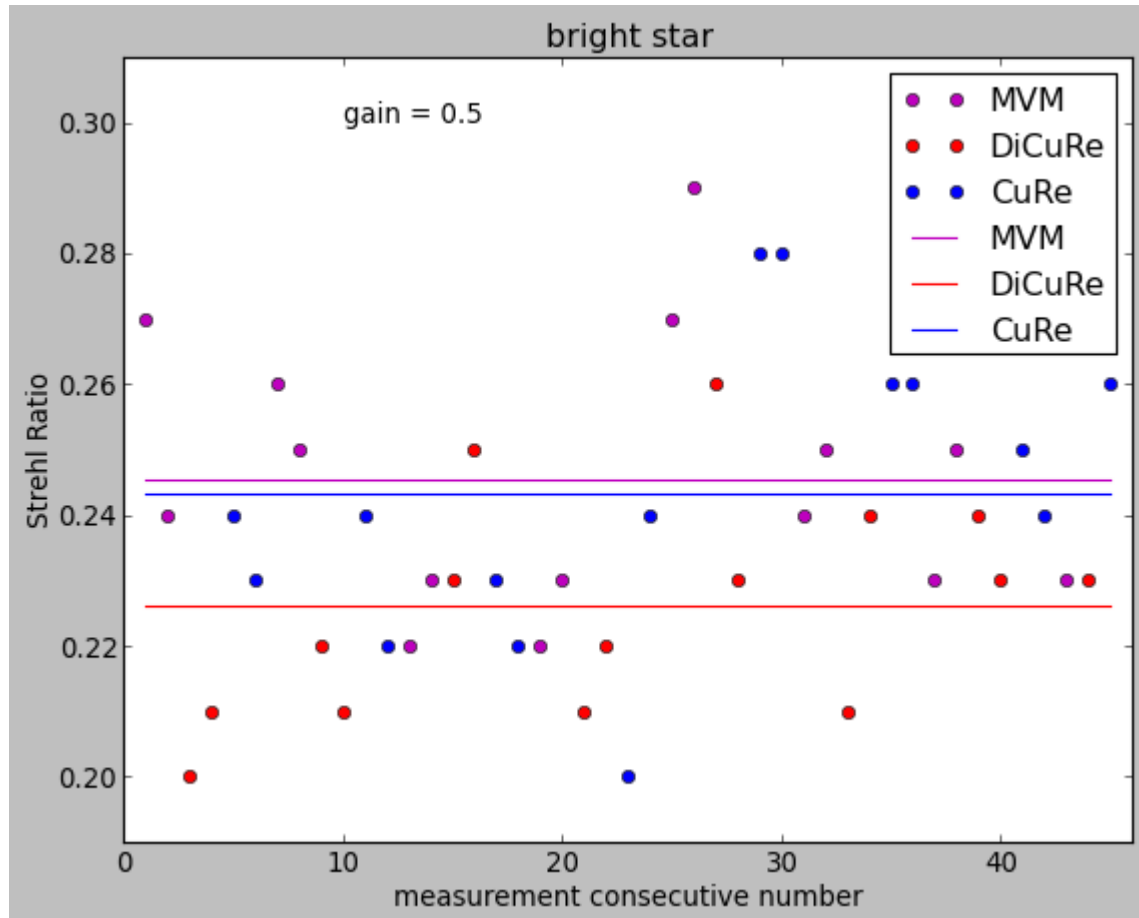


Recon-structor	Number of measured points	average Strehl ratio
MVM	12	0.168
DiCuRe	12	0.144
CuRe	12	0.175

- Strehl ratio vs. time

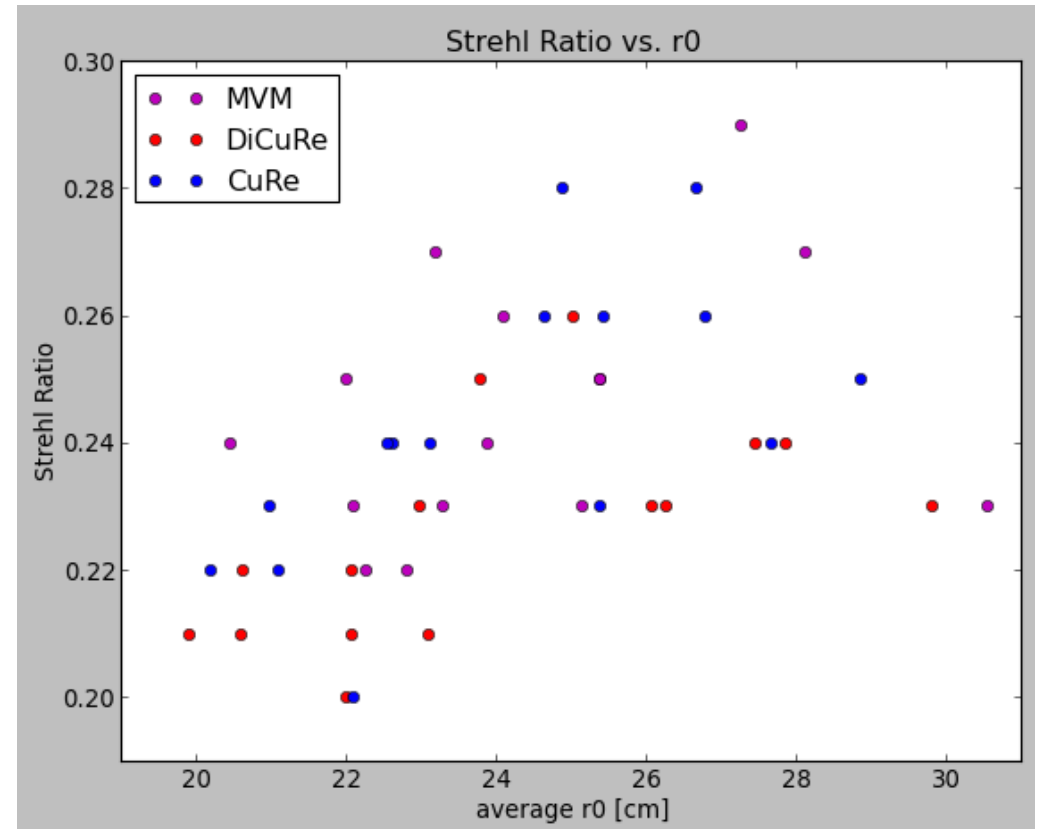
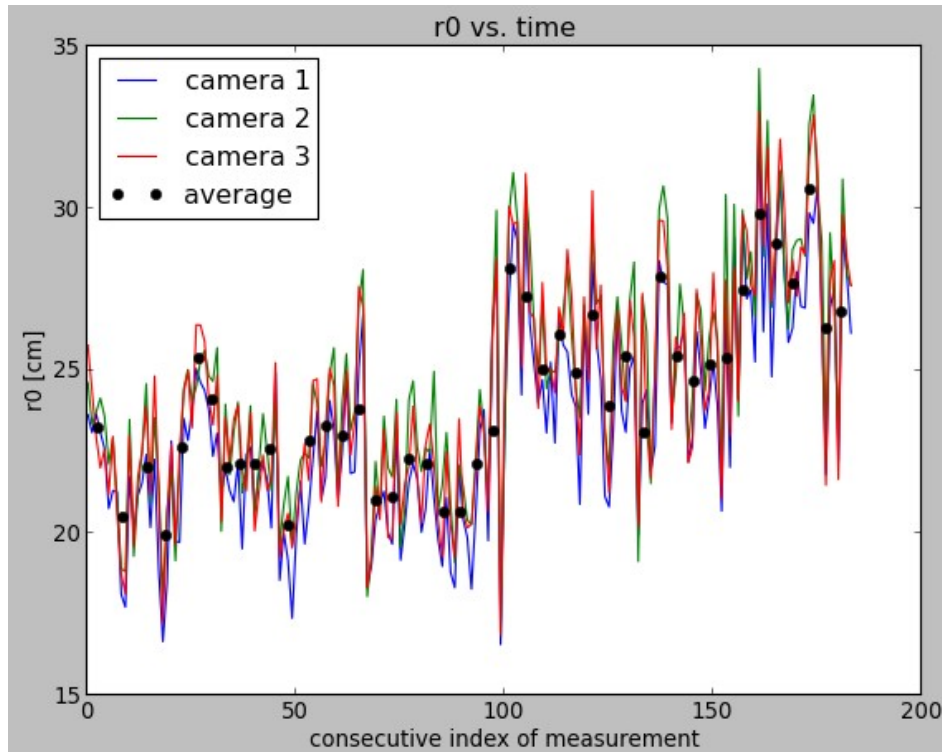
- Why CuRe looks better than MVM?
  - command matrix for MVM - non-optimal conditioning?
  - too low gain
- Why is DiCuRe worse than CuRe?
  - Because under development:
    - chain alignment: two sets of chains, causing waffle
    - a bug

# On sky test: bright star



- Strehl ratio vs. time

# On sky test - bright star



- $r_0$  vs. time

- Strehl ratio vs.  $r_0$



# Future plans

- Finalise DiCuRe
- Use Durham AO RTC with Durham AO Simulation Package:
  - further tests and optimisations of DiCuRe
  - CuRe and DiCuRe - subaperture corners to actuators mapping:
    - sparsity of the mapping matrix
    - alternative methods (e.g. interpolation)

# Summary

- CuRe and DiCuRe tested on the bench and on sky: run stably in a closed loop.



- DiCuRe still in the development phase.



- Strehl ratios:

- CuRe comparable to MVM
- DiCuRe 10-15% worse

- Timing: no attempts to compare the speed

- THANKS:

- Matthias Rosensteiner, Andreas Obereder
- Ali Bharmal, Alastair Basden, Tim Morris