

# Science with multi-wavelength Archival Data

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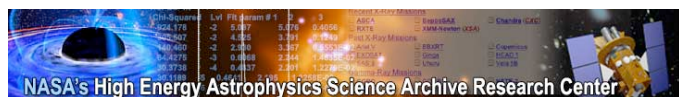
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**The “What, Where, and How” of multi- $\lambda$  data**

- The (obvious) need for multi-wavelength astronomical data
- Overview of available archives, surveys, and catalogues
- The Virtual Observatory



**EUROVO**



# The Milky Way

Radio (0.4 GHz)

Atomic Hydrogen

Radio (2.7 GHz)

Molecular Hydrogen

Infrared

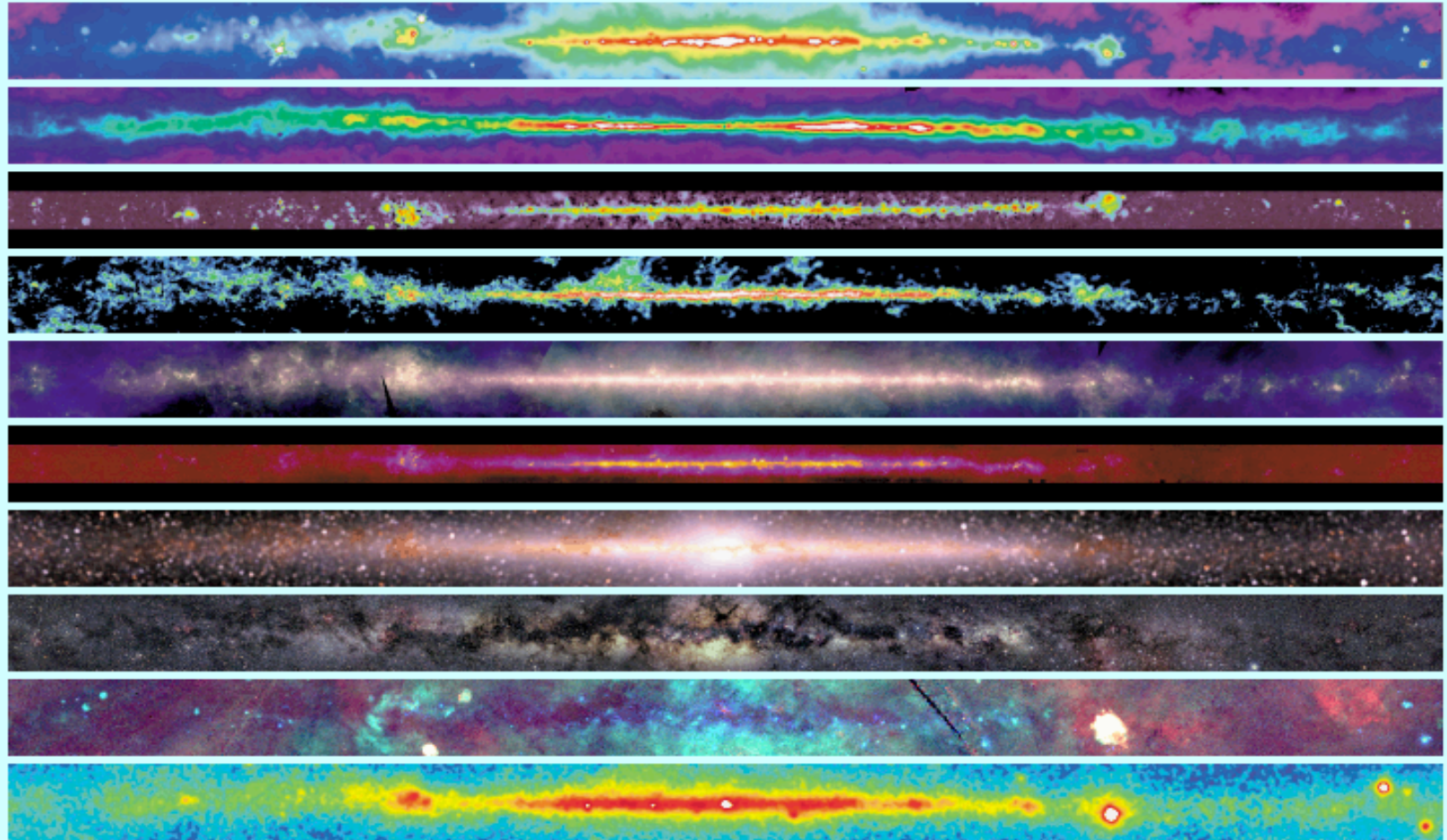
Mid Infrared

Near Infrared

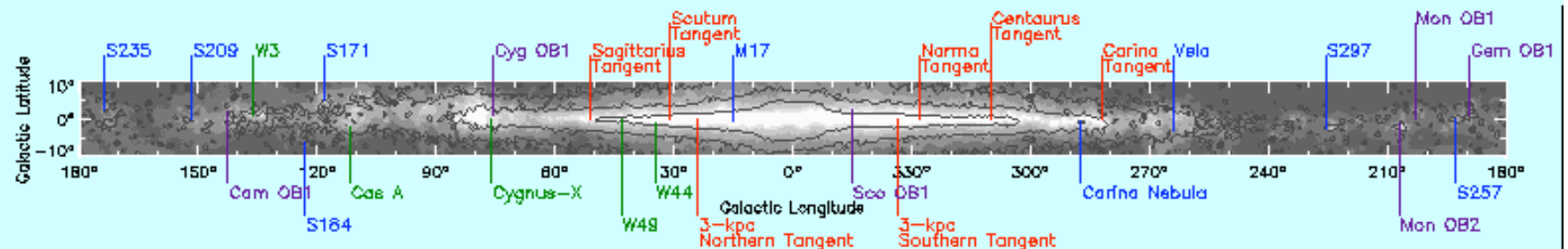
Optical

X-Ray

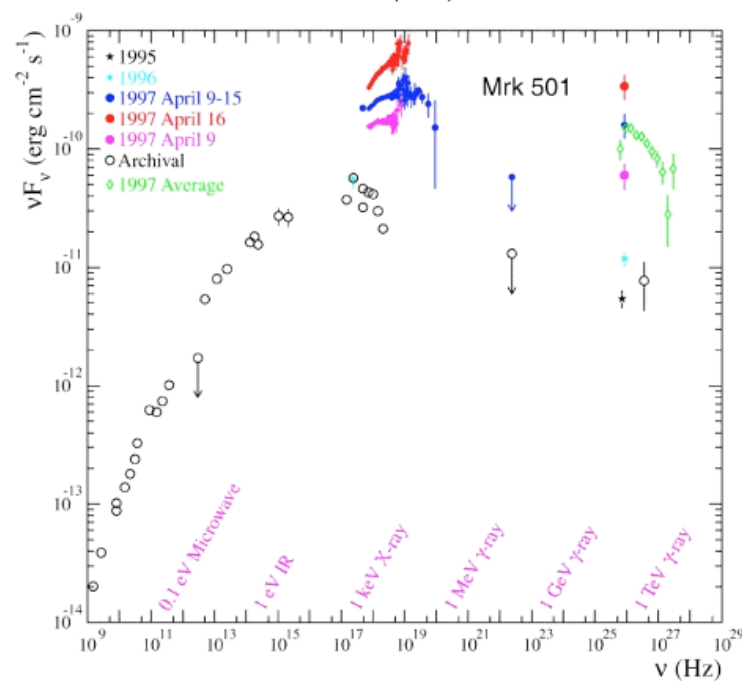
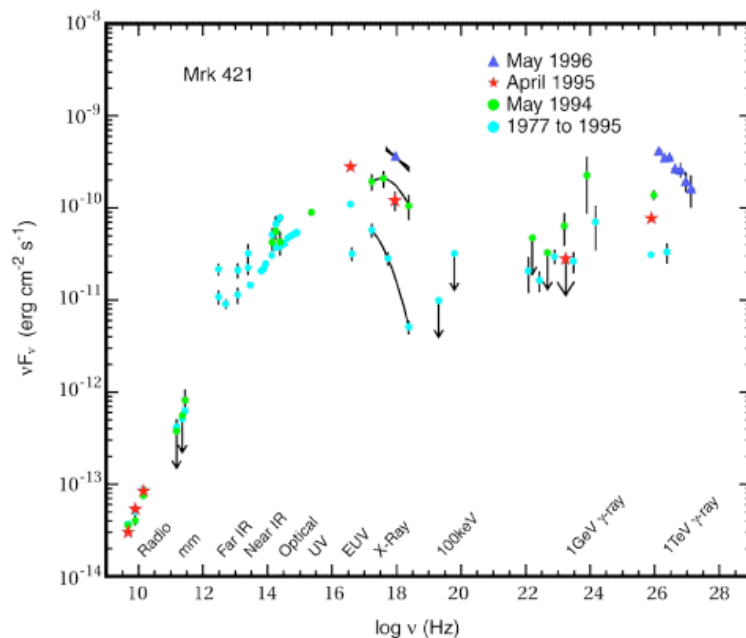
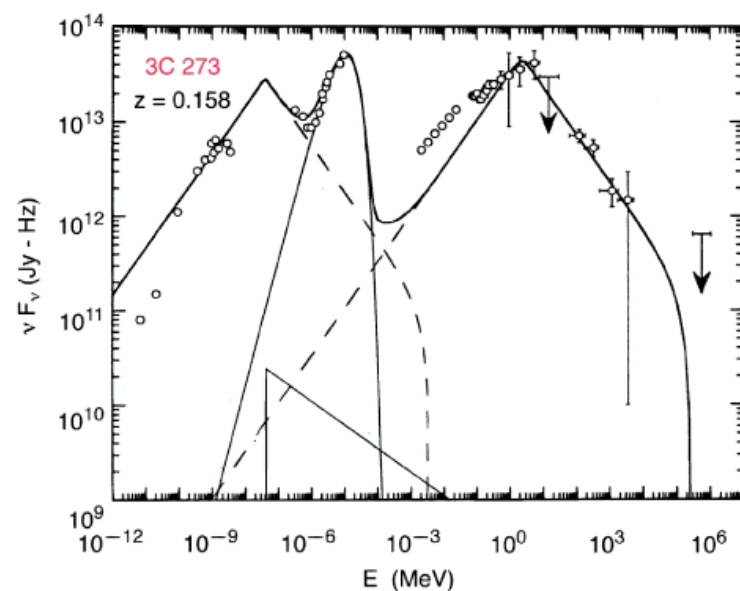
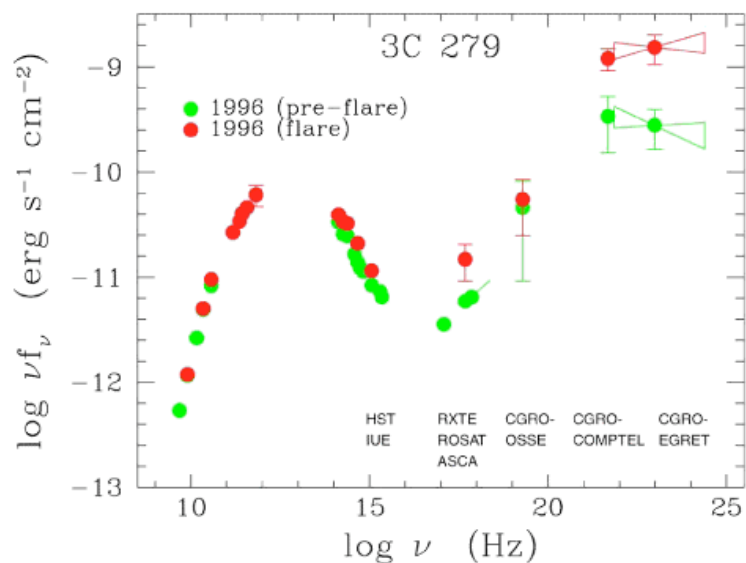
Gamma Ray



Finder

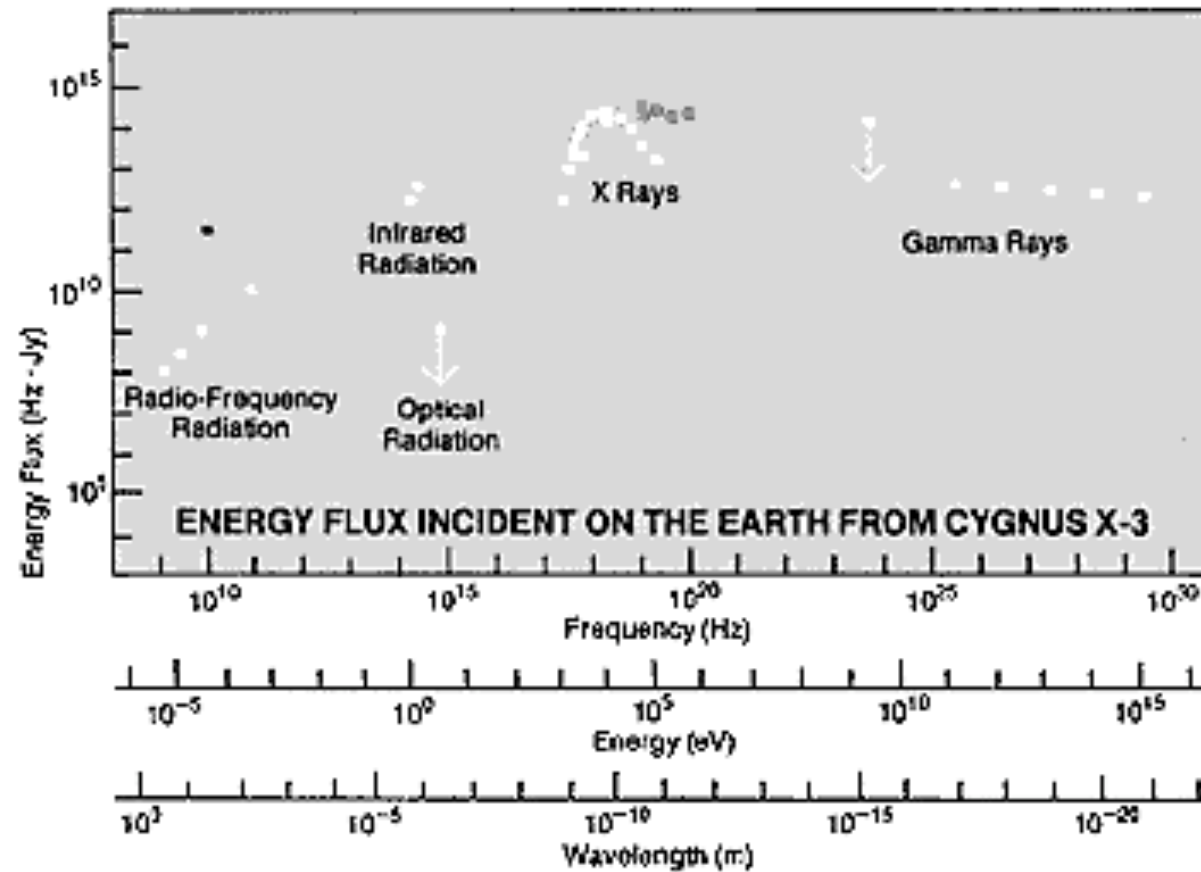


# Active Galactic Nuclei



# Stars

## Cygnus X3



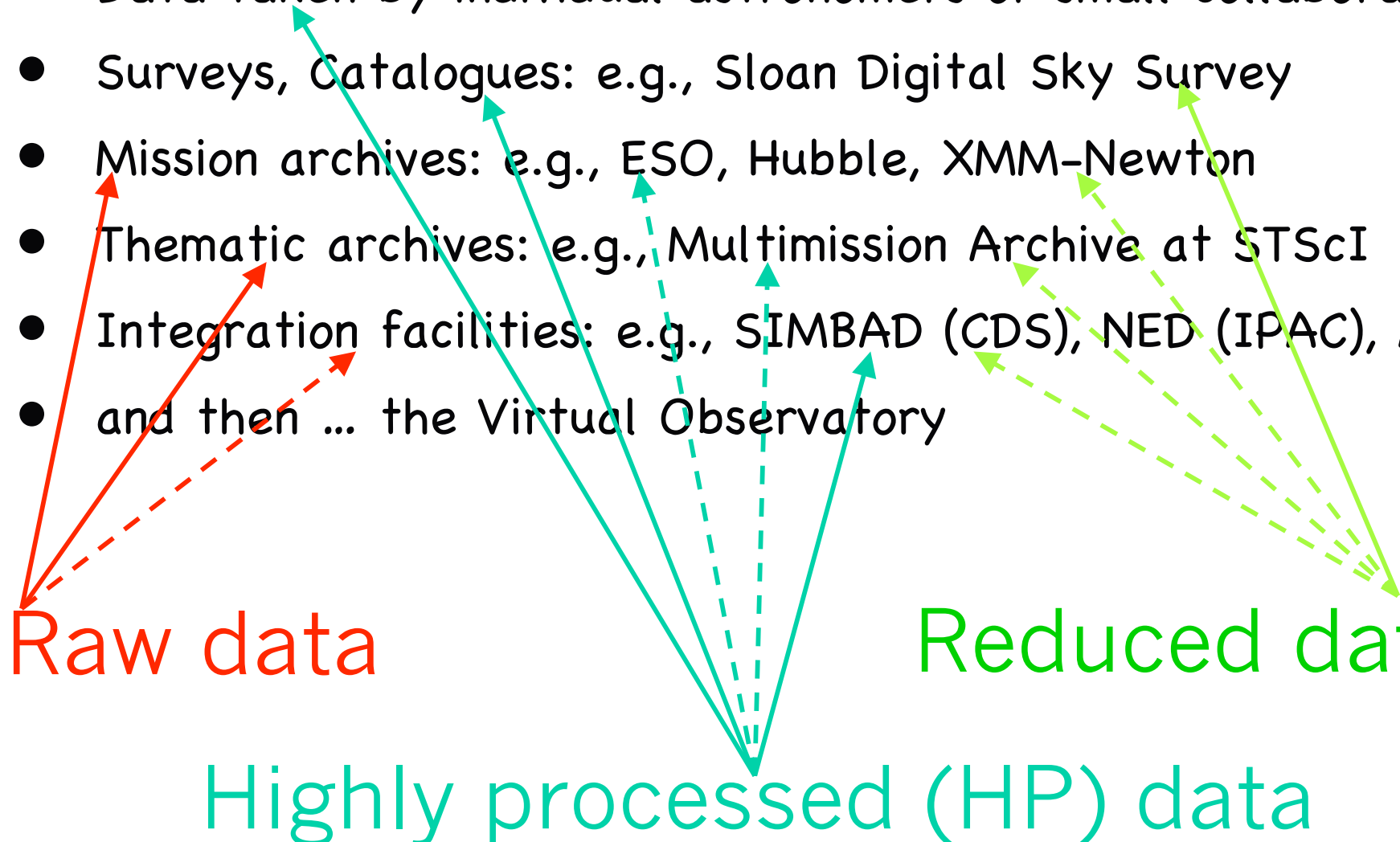
# What is out there?

- Data taken by individual astronomers or small collaborations
- Surveys, Catalogues: e.g., Sloan Digital Sky Survey
- Mission archives: e.g., ESO, Hubble, XMM-Newton
- Thematic archives: e.g., Multimission Archive at STScI
- Integration facilities: e.g., SIMBAD (CDS), NED (IPAC), ADS
- and then ... the Virtual Observatory

Raw data

Reduced data

Highly processed (HP) data





# What is out there?

- Mission and thematic archives

*Always raw, sometimes reduced, rarely (getting better) HP data*

- Integration facilities, Surveys & Catalogs, individual astronomers or small collaborations (which sometimes find their way back into the archives: c.f. ESO)

*Always HP data (and reduced and raw)*

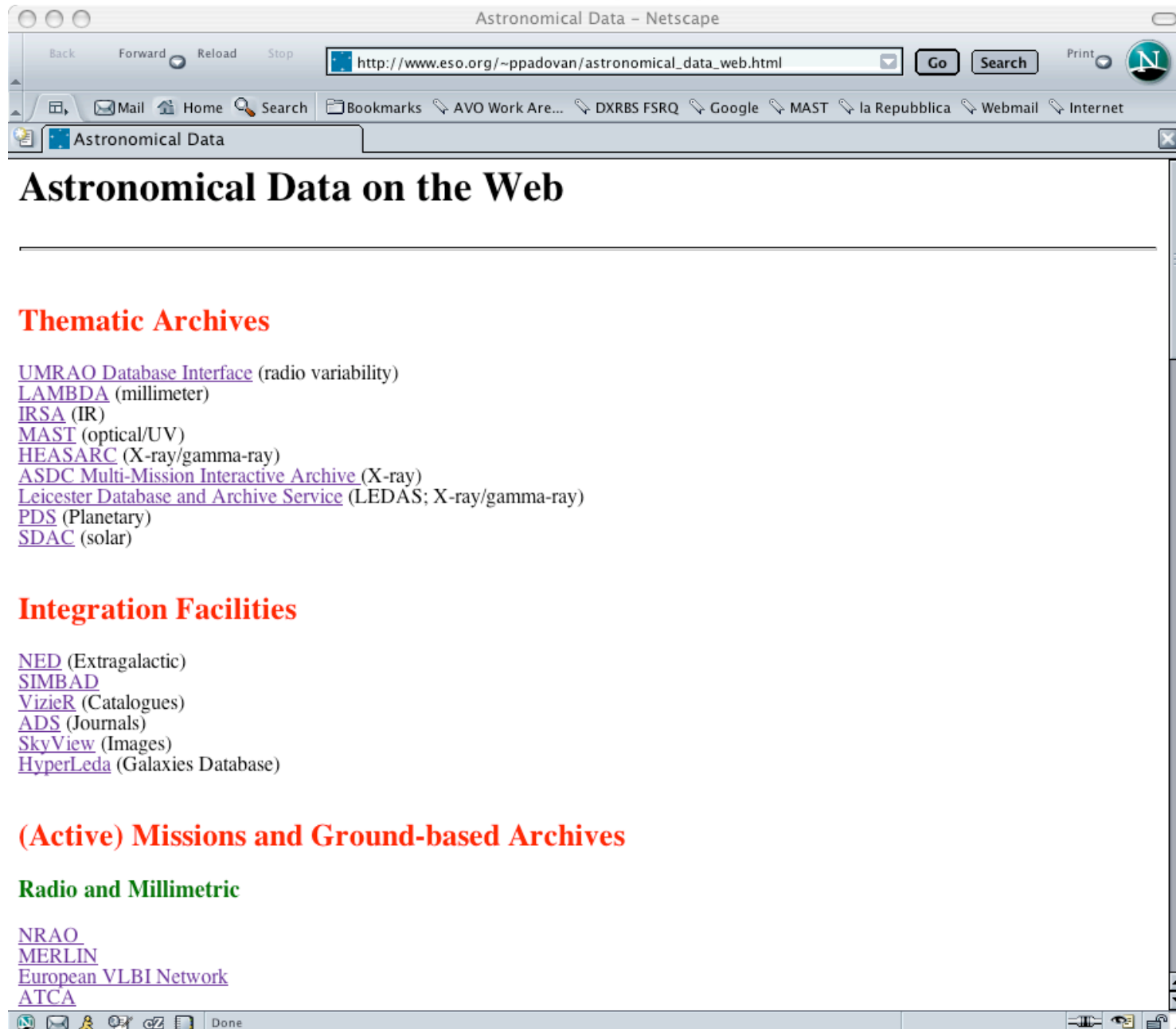
- Virtual Observatory

*Needs HP data to work at its best*

# The Virtual Observatory

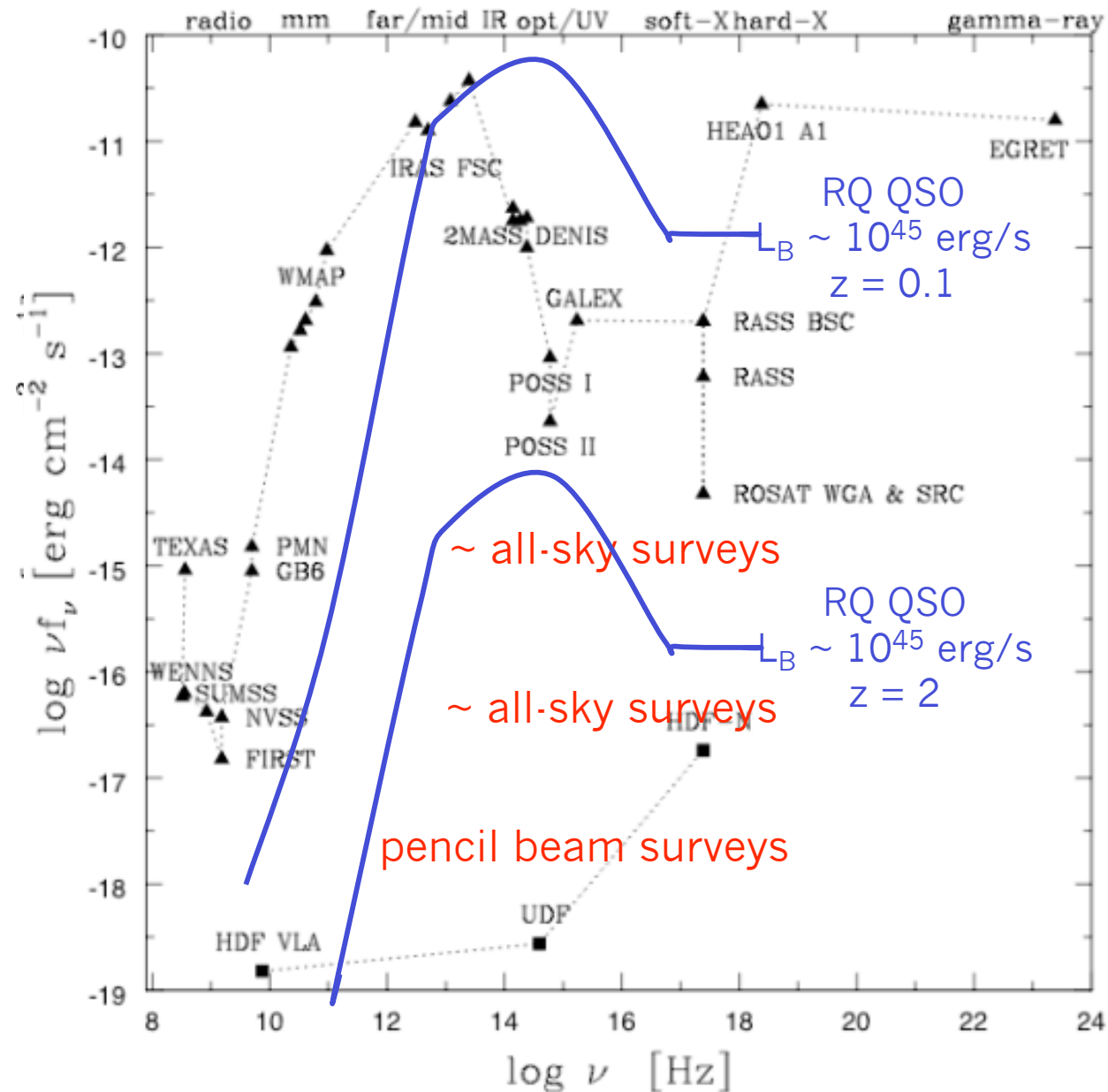
- An innovative, evolving system, which takes advantage of astronomical data explosion
- It will allow users to interrogate multiple data centres in a seamless and transparent way and to utilize at best astronomical data
- Data analysis tools (in-situ) and models will be made more accessible
- It will allow new SCIENCE by moving Astronomy beyond era of “classical” identification by combining all available information: data mining (increase obs. efficiency) + statistical identification (less need for spectra)
- Good communication  $\Rightarrow$  common language! Definition and adoption of VO standards and protocols within the International Virtual Observatory Alliance (IVOA: <http://ivoa.net>)
- At ESO: Virtual Observatory Systems Department, established Nov. 2004

# Where?





# The Big Picture



# How? 1. Individual Sources

- Q.: “find me ALL types of data at ALL wavelengths for my source or position” ⇒ ideal tool still does not exist but VO is getting close
- Can (almost) be done by wavelength: most thematic archives allow quick searches of all their holdings based on name and/or position (e.g., MAST, HEASARC, ESO/ST-ECF). Otherwise, all data providers allow this search (but clearly very time-consuming!)
- VO search tools:
  - ✓ DataScope: <http://heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/cgi-bin/vo/datascope/init.pl>
  - ✓ AstroScope: <http://wiki.astrogrid.org/bin/view/Astrogrid/AstroScope>
  - ✓ Aladin (“all VO”)
- Published data only: NED or ADS [ADS](#)  
Can in most cases link back to the original data (e.g., ESO/ST-ECF, MAST, ISO, XMM, HEASARC, etc.)

## How? 2. List of Sources

- Q.: “find me ALL types of data at ALL wavelengths for ALL my sources”  $\Rightarrow$  ideal tool still does not exist (even more so than for individual targets); VO could easily implement it
- A few data providers allow searches of their holdings based on a list of sources: MAST, HEASARC, ESO/ST-ECF, ISO, XMM, SIMBAD [ESO Archive](#)
- General search tools:
  - ✓ W3Browse (many services at once, X-ray bias):  
<http://heasarc.gsfc.nasa.gov/db-perl/W3Browse/w3browse.pl> [W3](#)
  - ✓ Aladin (one catalogue at a time but more general)
- Published data only: NED (batch job), ADS: not ideal

# How? 3. Classes of Sources

- Q.: “find me ALL types of data at ALL wavelengths for ALL sources belonging to a given class”  $\Rightarrow$  dream on! Perfect VO tool
- Most data providers do not store classification information for their targets (exception: IUE archive). Problem would remain anyway for serendipitous sources.
- Some indirect ways exist; for example:
  - ✓ use MAST – VizieR cross-correlation tool: limited but direct <http://archive.stsci.edu/vizier.php> [MAST](#)
  - ✓ use NED’s advanced all-sky search: powerful, but 1. requires second step 2. extragalactic only 3. still limited choice of classes  
<http://nedwww.ipac.caltech.edu/forms/byparams.html> [NED](#)
- That’s all there is ... lots of space for improvement (VO)

# Summary

- Plenty out there!
- Hopefully now you know more about where and how to find multi- $\lambda$  data (and are ready to use them and publish great papers!)
- Archival data represent a goldmine, which is there waiting to be exploited; the availability of “highly processed” data will facilitate their usage
- Ideal tools to access multi- $\lambda$  data are not there yet, but we are getting close
- For more on VO tools see <http://www.euro-vo.org> EURO-VO